

# Infosphere:

## Smart Delivery of Fresh Information

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# DARPA/ITO Expeditions

- ◆ MIT's Oxygen project (Sci. Am. 99/08)
- ◆ UC Berkeley's Endeavour (Wired 00/01)
- ◆ CMU's Aura project
- ◆ Washington's Portolano project (with Xerox PARC)
- ◆ Georgia Tech & OGI's *Infosphere* project



# Moore's Law

- ◆ Gordon Moore, computer pioneer
  - CPU speed doubles every 18 months
  - Memory density doubles every 18 months
  - Disk storage density doubles every 12 months
- ◆ *Computers almost free*

# Network Is The Computer

- ◆ Next generation Internet
  - OC12 (622 Mb/s) connections
- ◆ Wireless networks
  - Megabit/second wireless connections
- ◆ Computer interconnects
  - Gigabit Ethernet, affordable clusters
- ◆ *Networks almost free*



# Network Everywhere

- ◆ High speed backbone wide area networks
  - Next generation Internet around the world
- ◆ Metropolitan and local area networks
  - Wired example: Portland, Oregon
  - Wireless: cellular networks, satellites
- ◆ Home and personal networks
  - Bus-based smart homes, Bluetooth



# Computers Everywhere

## ◆ Traditional computers

- Mainframes, desktops, notebooks, etc

## ◆ Embedded systems

- Cars, PDAs, cell phones, smart appliances
- Micro-electronic mechanical (MEM) systems

## ◆ Smart environments

- Sensors, automated controls, monitoring



# Ubiquitous Computing

- ◆ **Plenty of computers**
  - Are Everywhere
  - Know Everything
  - Almost Free
- ◆ **Scarce resource is human**
  - User attention span
  - Programmer time



# Information Growth

- ◆ **Storage capacity growth**
  - Disk capacity sold per year: Exabytes
- ◆ **Information content growth**
  - All of human published information: Exabytes
  - Computer-generated information: web robots
  - Sensor-generated information



# Infosphere Focus Area

- ◆ Too many heterogeneous sources
- ◆ Too much data
  - Internet data
  - Digital Earth (100TB/day)
  - Smart Dust sensors (thousands p/ km<sup>2</sup>)

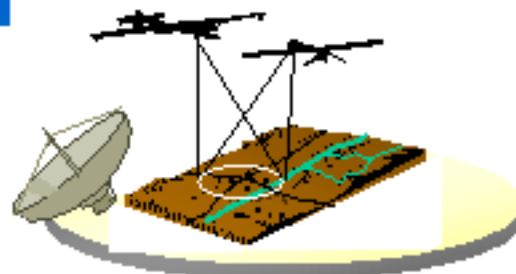
Internet:  
Information Jungle



Digital  
Earth



Sensors



Infosphere



# Traditional Computer Science

## ◆ Computational models

- Theory: finite state machines, Turing machines
- Programming languages: programs
- Operating systems: processes
- Computer architecture: instruction sets

## ◆ Distributed computations scale poorly

- Example: agreement protocols



# Information Flow Computing

- ◆ Internet applications are primarily *information flow applications* (DL, EC)
- ◆ Networking success
  - Massive information delivery, QoS
- ◆ Historical examples (centralized systems)
  - Dataflow machines in computer architecture
  - Dataflow diagrams in software engineering
  - Unix pipes

# Comp. Models & Info Flow

- ◆ Focus on algorithms
  - Distributed programs
  - Global algorithms
  - Scalability problems
- ◆ Info flow “on the side”
  - Implicit or separate description of I/O
- ◆ Localized algorithms
- ◆ Global info flow
  - Flow composition
  - Composable properties
- ◆ Focus on info flow
  - Explicit description of syntax, semantics, and QoS properties



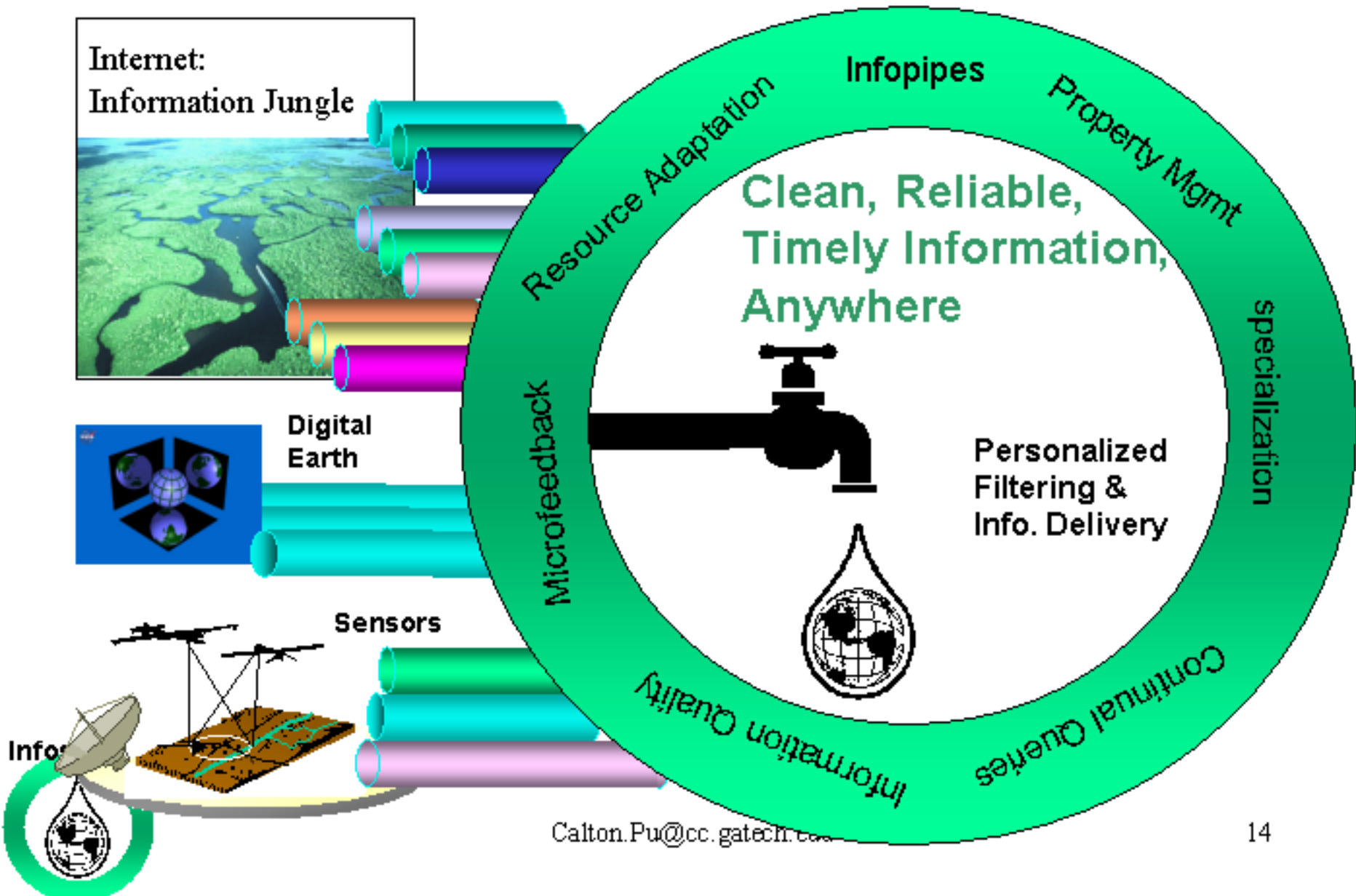
# Infosphere Meta-Approach

- ◆ Focus on **distributed information flow**
  - In contrast to **computation-centric** computing
  - **Infopipe** as the central abstraction
  - Hypothesis: composable, predictable, scalable distributed software systems
- ◆ Missing link: the systems software
  - OS kernel, middleware, data management

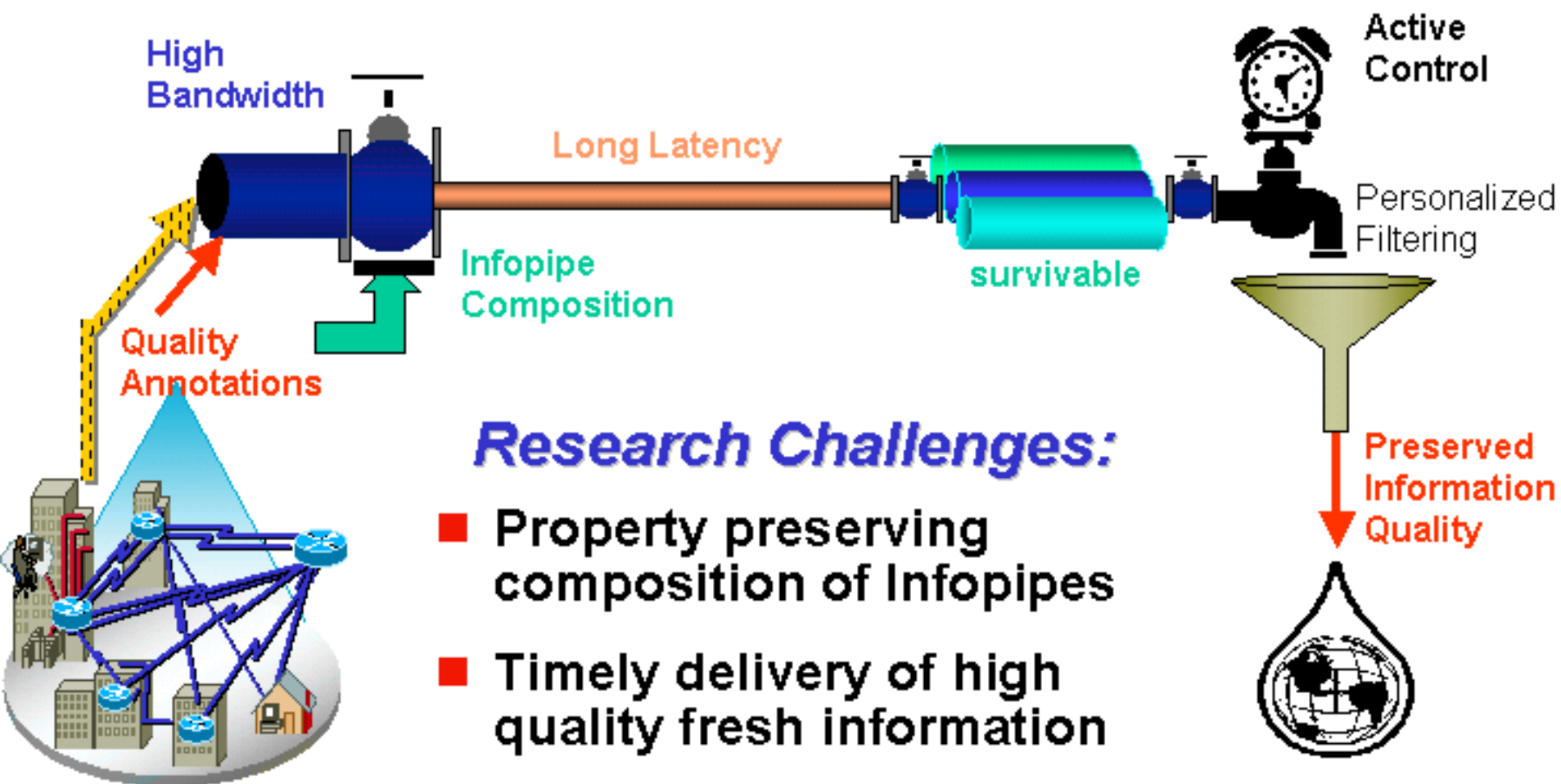


**Problem: too many sources,  
too much information**

# Infosphere



# Infopipes: Backbone of Infosphere



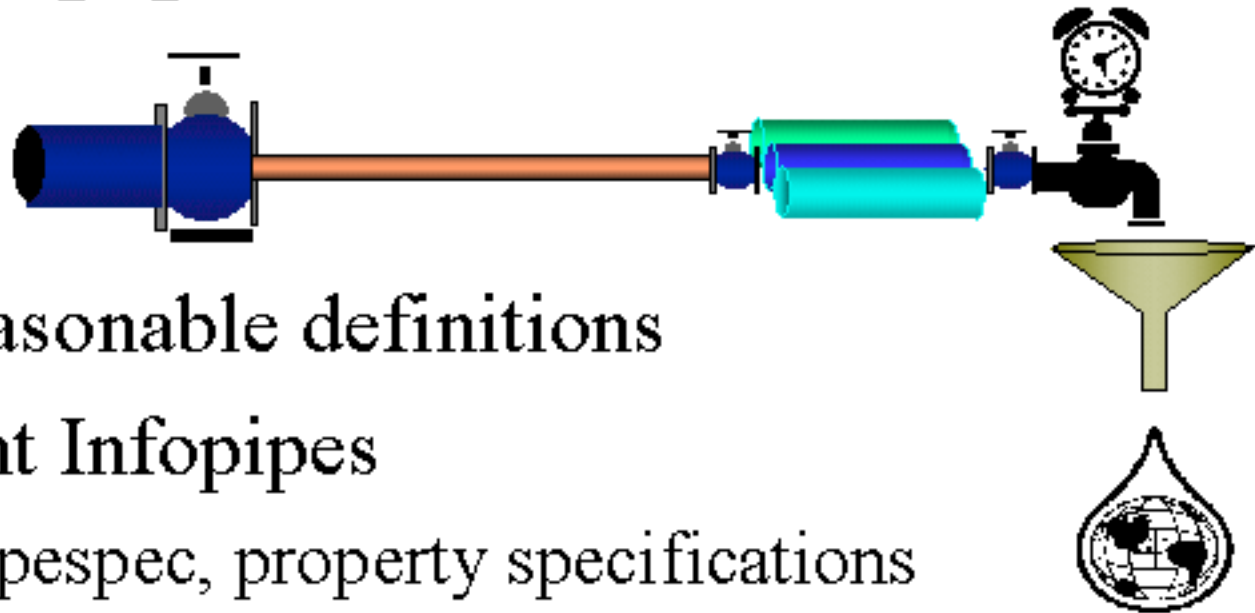
## Research Challenges:

- Property preserving composition of Infopipes
- Timely delivery of high quality fresh information

Infosphere



# Infopipe Abstraction



- ◆ Several reasonable definitions
- ◆ Component Infopipes
  - Ends: Typespec, property specifications
  - Middle: processing, buffering, active
- ◆ Composition of Infopipes
  - End-to-end property preservation
  - Multiplex ends and middles



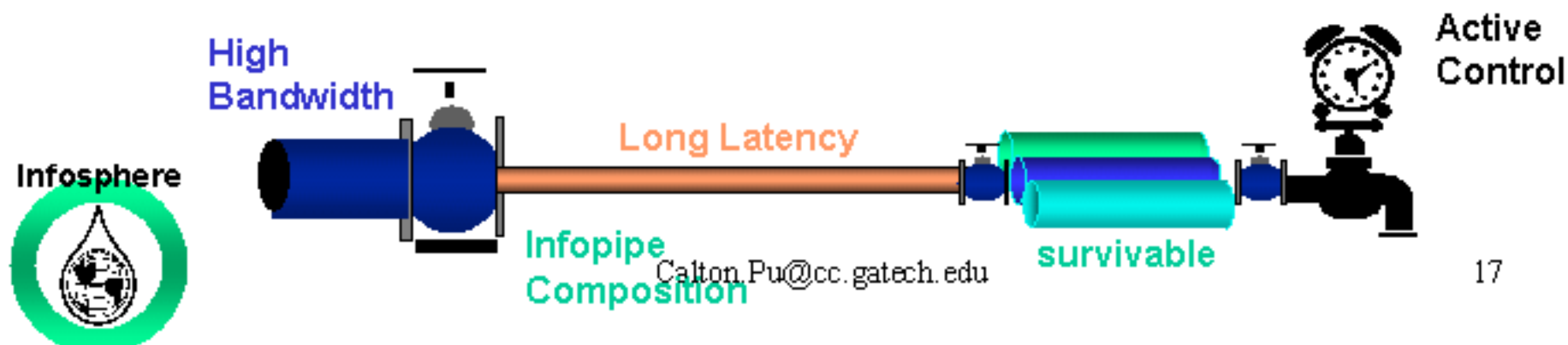
# Impact on OS Research

## ◆ Computation-centric

- Process abstraction
- Inter-process communications
- Synchronization
- Memory and I/O are “on the side”

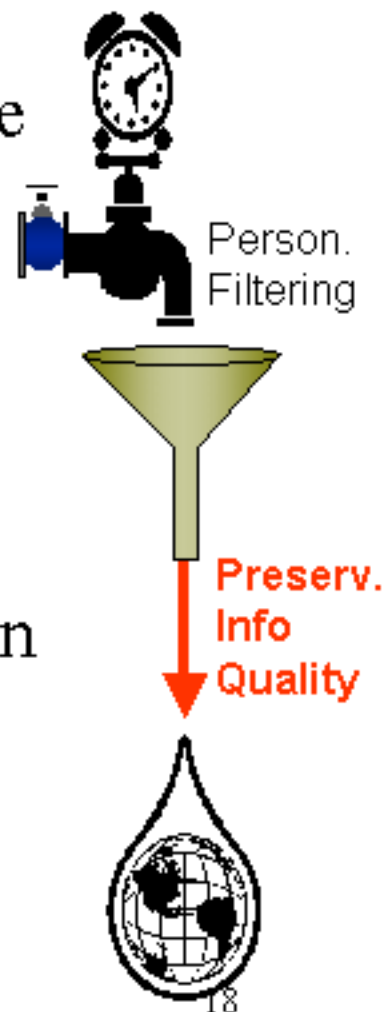
## ◆ Information-driven

- Infopipe abstraction
- Infopipe connection and composition
- Flow control
- I/Os are natural flows



# Impact on DB Research

- ◆ Traditional DB
- ◆ Focus: data reservoir
- ◆ Closed world
- ◆ Homogeneity and slow evolution
- ◆ Static control (DBA)
- ◆ Data warehouse
- ◆ Infosphere/Infopipe
- ◆ Focus: data flow
- ◆ Link to real world
- ◆ Heterogeneity and rapid changes
- ◆ Dynamic adaptation
- ◆ Fresh information



# Fresh Information Applications

## ◆ Near Term

- Georgia Tech Aware Home
- I/O-Intensive embedded systems

## ◆ Long term

- Electronic commerce
- Personal guidance
- Environmental observation and forecasting



# Georgia Tech Aware Home

- ◆ GRA, other funds
- ◆ Many sensors
  - 20 video cameras
  - microphones, vibes, ...
- ◆ Big backend
  - 2 Gigabit connections
  - 128-CPU cluster
- ◆ Real-time sensor information laboratory



# Aware Home Projects

## ◆ Ubiquitous sensing

- Recognize people based on their footsteps
- Multiple camera/multiple person tracking
- Sensor fault-tolerant scene modeling

## ◆ Potential applications

- Long term elderly care
- Emergency rescue missions



# Classic Embedded Systems

## ◆ Embedded = Closed

- Small, independent, self-contained
- Custom hardware and custom software
- Small footprint, predictable performance, reliability

## ◆ Closed = Limited Evolution

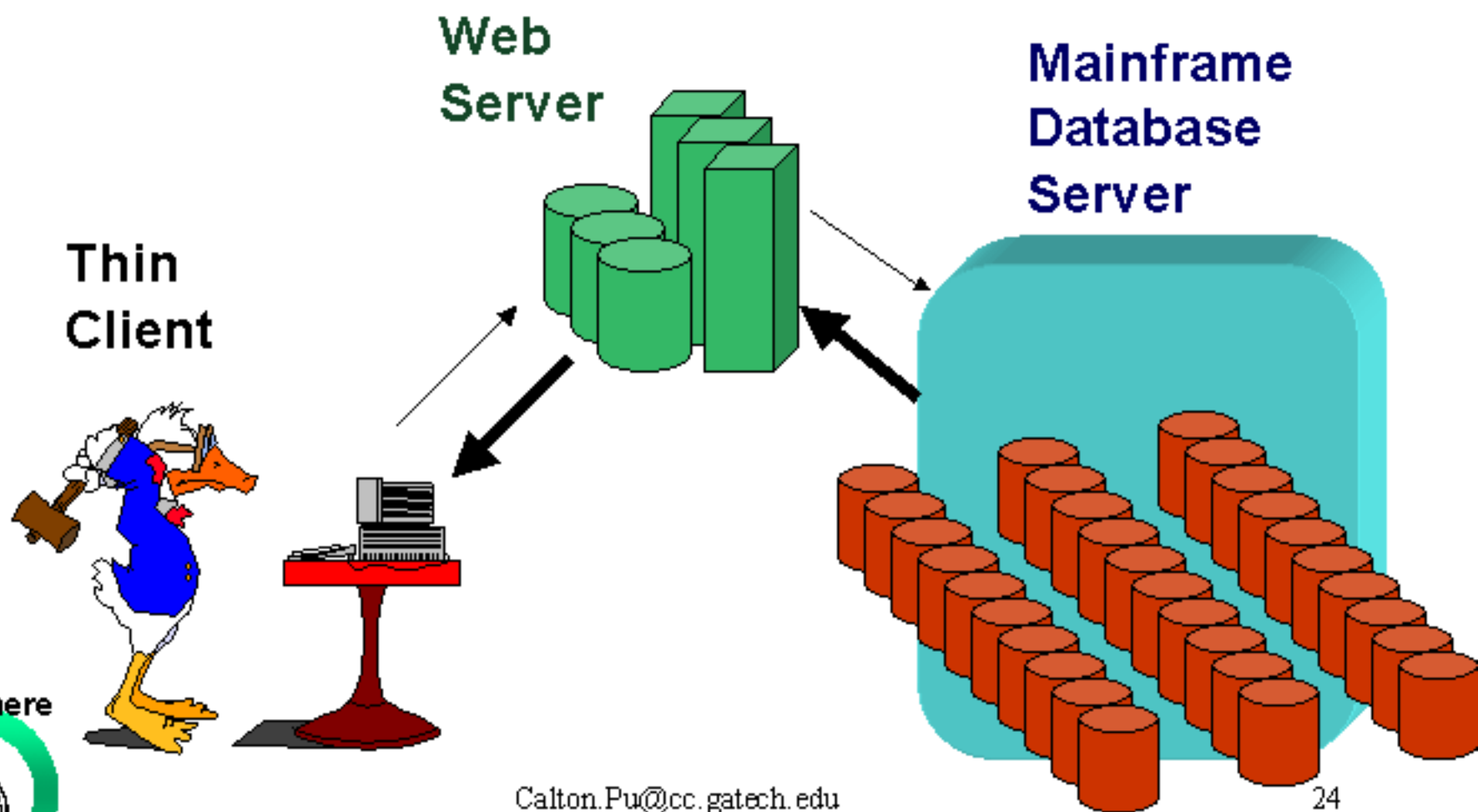
- Limited hardware and software life expectancy
- Each generation is a new product



# I/O-Intensive Embedded Systems

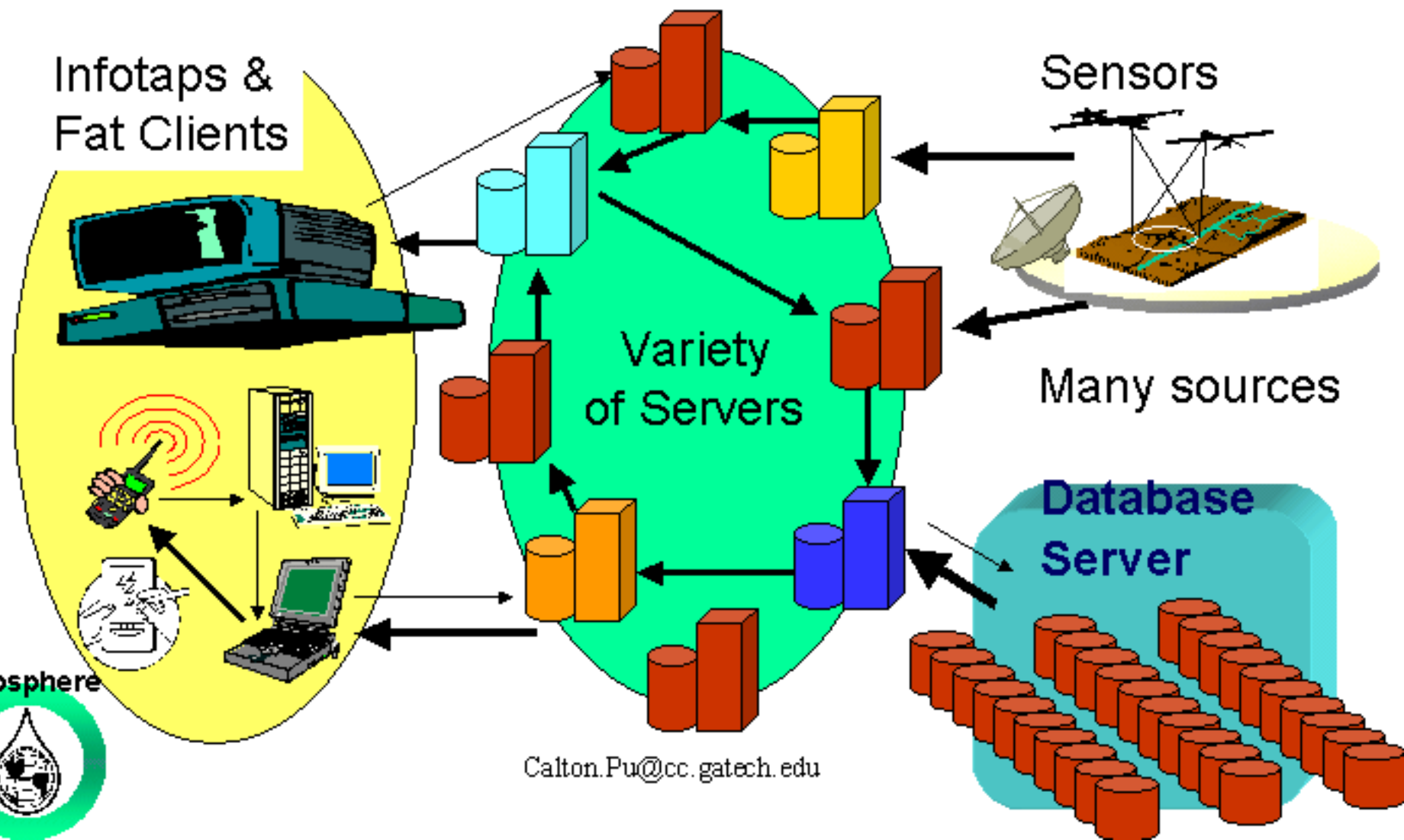
- ◆ **Computers and communications**
  - Sensor-actuators, PDAs, remote control
  - Network is the embedded system
- ◆ **Network embedded software requirements**
  - Traditional: small footprint, reliability, predictable performance
  - *New*: composability, adaptability, extensibility, end-to-end performance

# 3-Tier Client/Server Today





# N-Tier Systems Tomorrow



# E-Commerce Applications

- ◆ N-Tier electronic commerce systems
  - Predictable end-to-end latency
- ◆ Logistics, real-time decision support
  - Predictable, reliable, real-time information flow
  - Recovery from faults, accidents
  - Adaptation to environmental changes

# Personal Guidance Today

- ◆ Tele Aid (Mercedes) and OnStar (Cadillac)

- Cell phone link
- GPS navigation
- Human operator



- ◆ Palm VII

- Radio link (cities)
- Simple web browser



# Personal Guidance Tomorrow

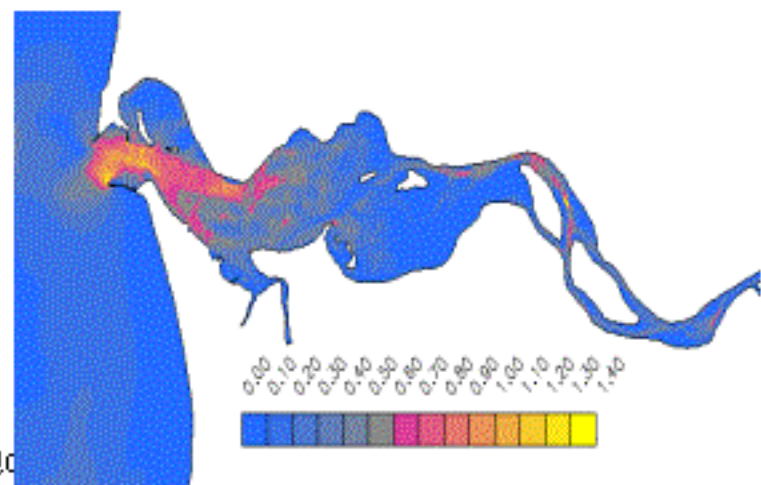
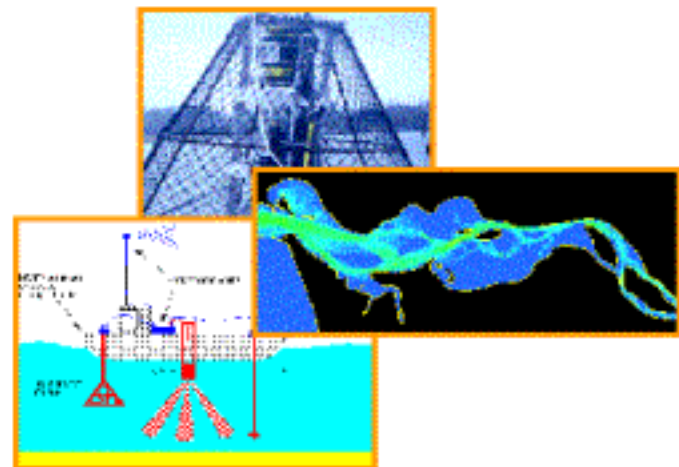
- ◆ Traffic-aware road navigation
  - Car receives news, suggests alternative routes
- ◆ Cell phones with GPS, WAP
  - Heidelberg tour guide, Digital Kyoto



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# Environ. Observation & Forecast

- ◆ Columbia River
  - 2nd in No. America
- ◆ Observe (nowcast)
  - 12 data stations in Columbia River Mouth
- ◆ Calculate (forecast)
  - Observation-driven model of unpredictable environments



# Tomorrow's Precise Forecasts

- ◆ **Many sensors everywhere**
  - Video cameras, MEMs, satellites, ...
- ◆ **Weather-adaptive applications**
  - Safe river and shallow water navigation
  - Disaster prevention in precision farming
  - Airline crew and airplane optimization
- ◆ **Monitoring of environment**
  - Amazon illegal timber traffic detection

# Infosphere: Current State

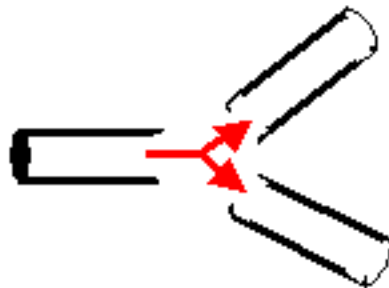
- ◆ **Infopipe basic research**
  - Infopipe concepts and specification (ISL)
  - Infopipe “stub generators” (ISL compiler)
- ◆ **Infopipe technology development**
  - Personalized filtering (Continual Queries)
  - Middleware Infopipes (Event Channels)
  - Kernel QoS Support (Quasar/Microfeedback)



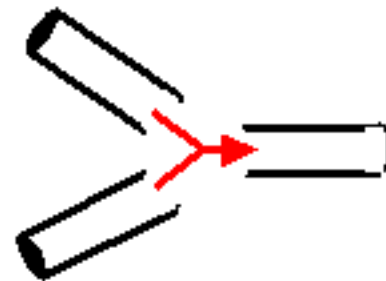
# Infopipe Concepts



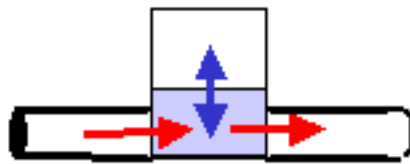
**Serial**  
(1 source, 1 sink)



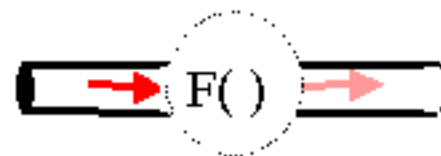
**Multiplex**  
(n sinks)



**Demultiplex**  
(n sources)



**Buffer**  
(storage)



**Filter**  
(transformation)

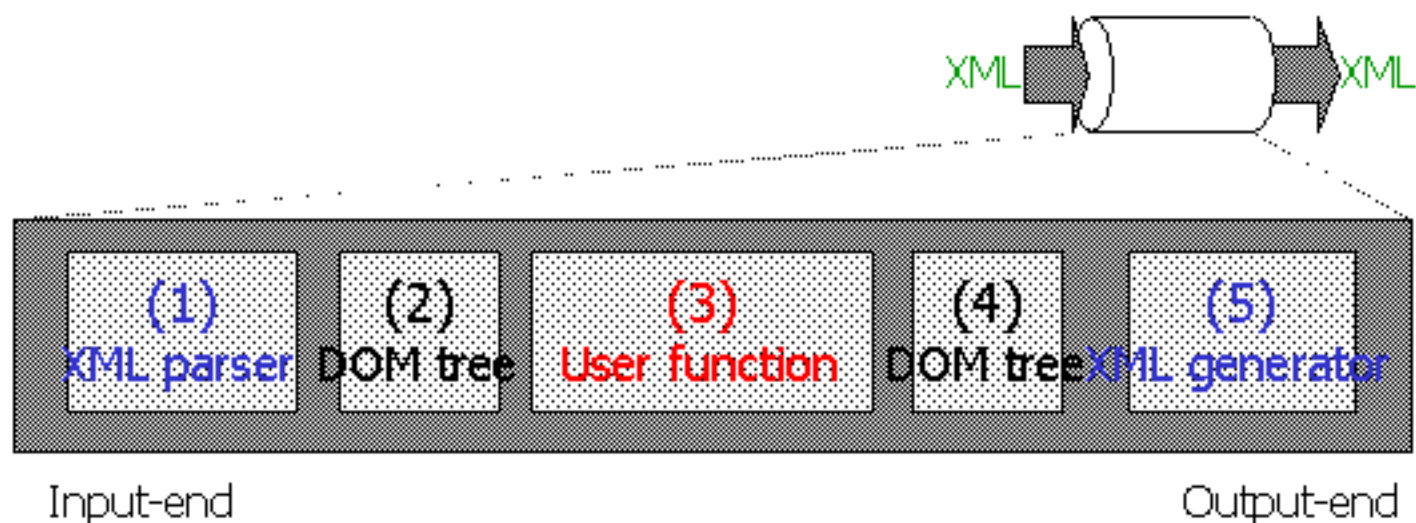


# Infopipe Specification

- ◆ Syntax of info flow
  - Java class, C record
- ◆ Semantics of info flow
  - Currently XML (placeholder)
- ◆ QoS requirements of info flow
  - Performance (bandwidth, latency, jitter)
  - Security (level of encryption)

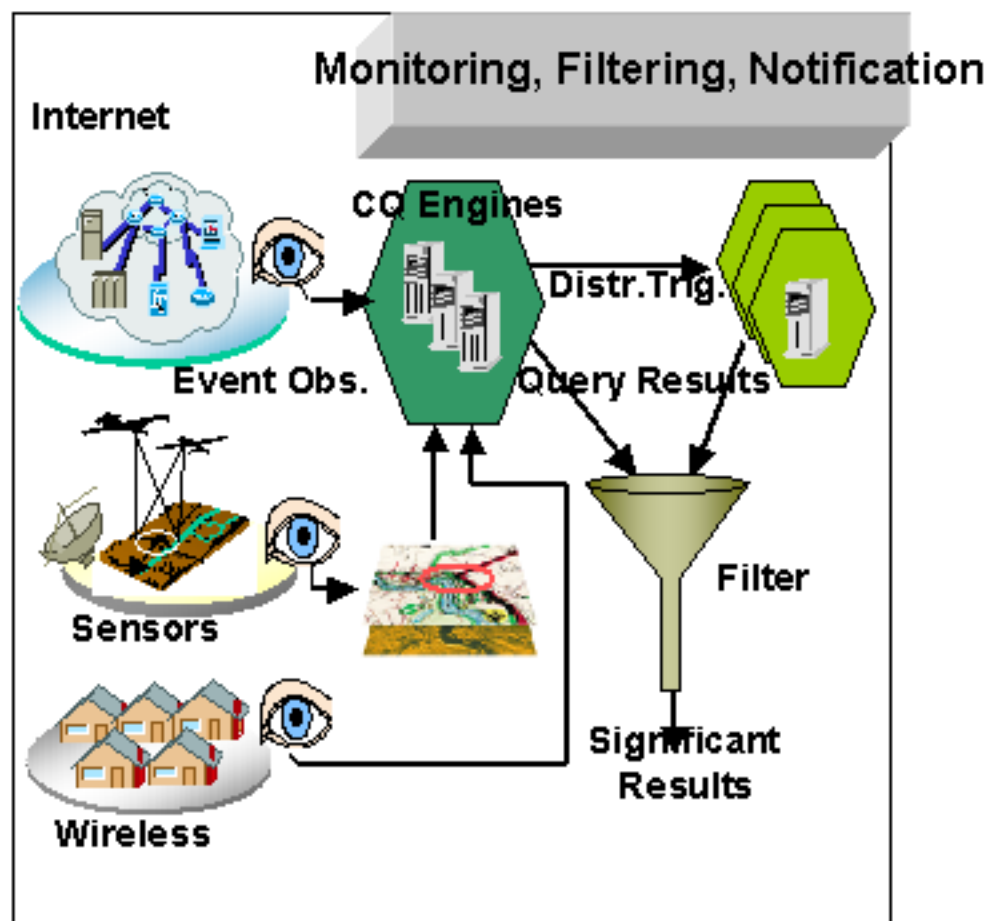
# Infopipe “Stub Generators”

- ◆ Translate the Infopipe specification into executable code and OS run-time support



# InfoFilters

- ◆ Personalized filtering
  - Interesting, important, urgent (IIU)
- ◆ Continual Queries
  - Monitoring of IIU updates on the Internet
  - Event-based filtering of new information
  - Pro-active delivery of IIU information



# Recent InfoFilter Results

- ◆ *WebCQ*: web update monitoring

- Built on OpenCQ
- Currently a service

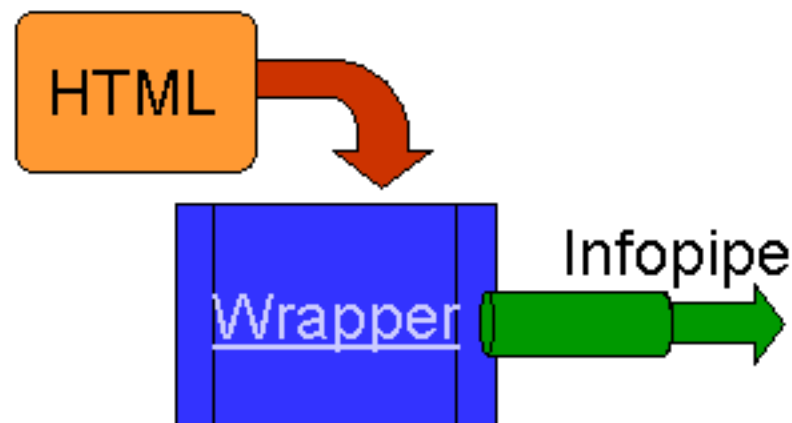
- ◆ *XWRAP Elite*  
Wrapper generator

- Semi-automated generation of wrapper code

*WebCQ*

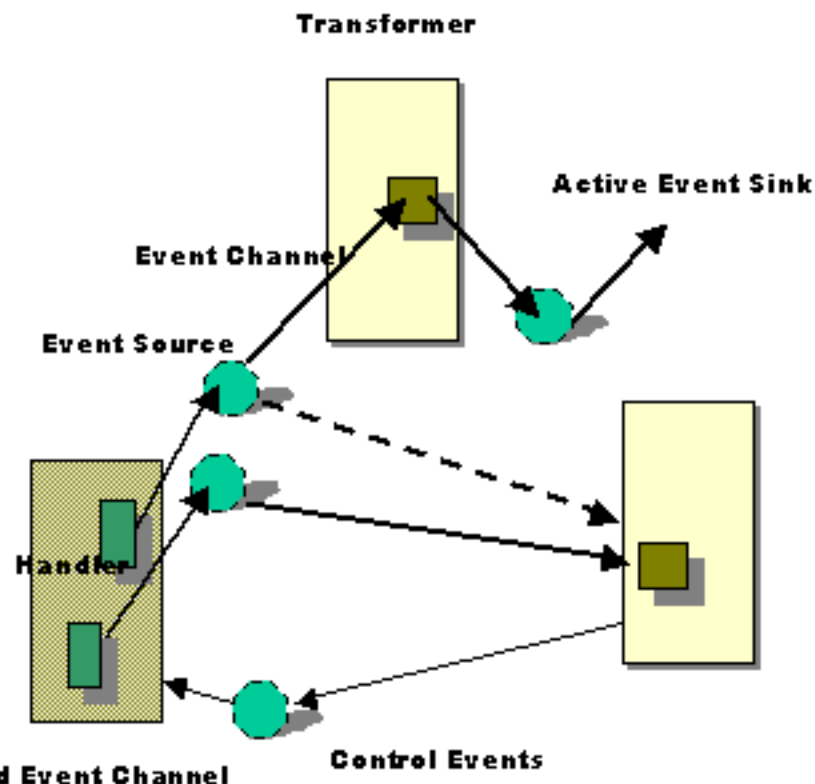


<http://www.cc.gatech.edu/~lingliu>



# Middleware Infopipes

- ◆ Event channels as InfoEvents
  - Publish/subscribe
  - Push/pull
- ◆ Quality of Service
  - Performance, security, availability, ...
  - Freshness, timeliness



# Recent InfoEvent Results

## ◆ DataExchange software release

- BPIO: Low-overhead data interchange format
- ECho: Event Channel code generator
- JECho: Java Event Channels
- Heterogeneous distributed platforms

## ◆ *Event channels* as InfoEvents

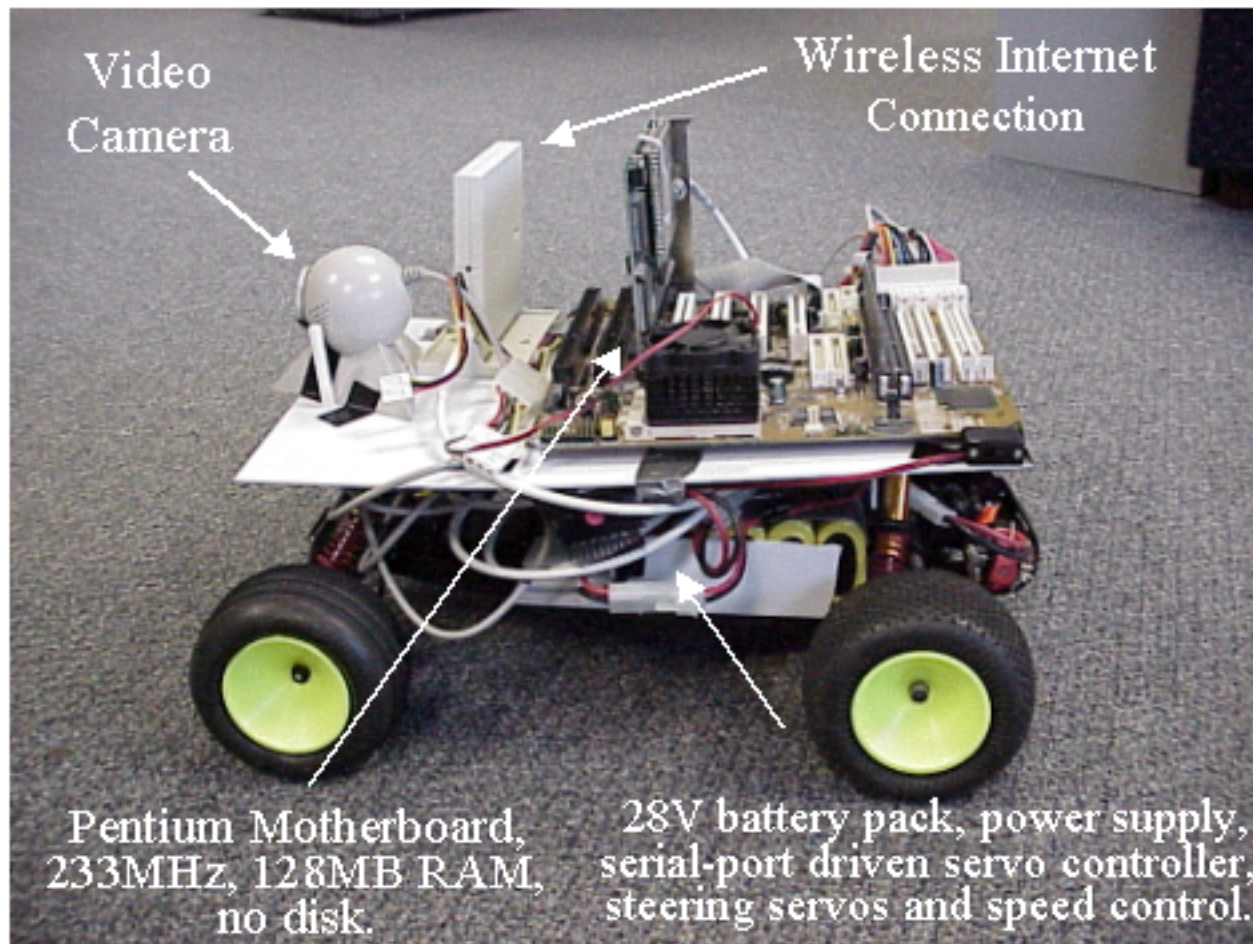
- QoS being added: real-time, security, etc ...

# Real-Rate Infopipes

- ◆ Support applications w/ real-world events
  - Sensor-actuator control and sensor information
  - Routers and active network nodes
  - Multimedia (bandwidth, latency, jitter)
- ◆ Rate-matching and quality degradation
  - Real-rate OS kernel research
  - Microfeedback-based adaptive mechanisms
  - Utility-based QoS degradation policies



# Recent Real-Rate OS Results





# Current Collaborations

- ◆ Georgia Tech and OGI
- ◆ Specialization of systems software
  - France: INRIA, IRISA, Univ. Bordeaux
  - Japan: Univ. Tokyo, Univ. Tsukuba
- ◆ Info flow software, Internet data mgmt
  - Germany: GMD/IPSI
  - Japan: Sony Corp.



# Infosphere Summary

- ◆ **The ubiquitous computing vision**
  - Many computers everywhere, out of the way
  - Too many sources, too much data
- ◆ **Systems software missing link**
  - Information flow perspective
  - Composing Infopipes w/ predictable properties
  - Smart delivery of fresh information



Fresh Information

On the World

