

Role of Choice and Customization on Users' Interaction with Embodied Conversational Agents

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Embodied Conversational Agents (ECAs)

- ✓ Have human-like appearance
- ✓ Provide assistance for users
- ✓ Utilize conversational interaction



MIT



DFKI



USC

Controversy over ECA Interfaces



Looks like a zombie

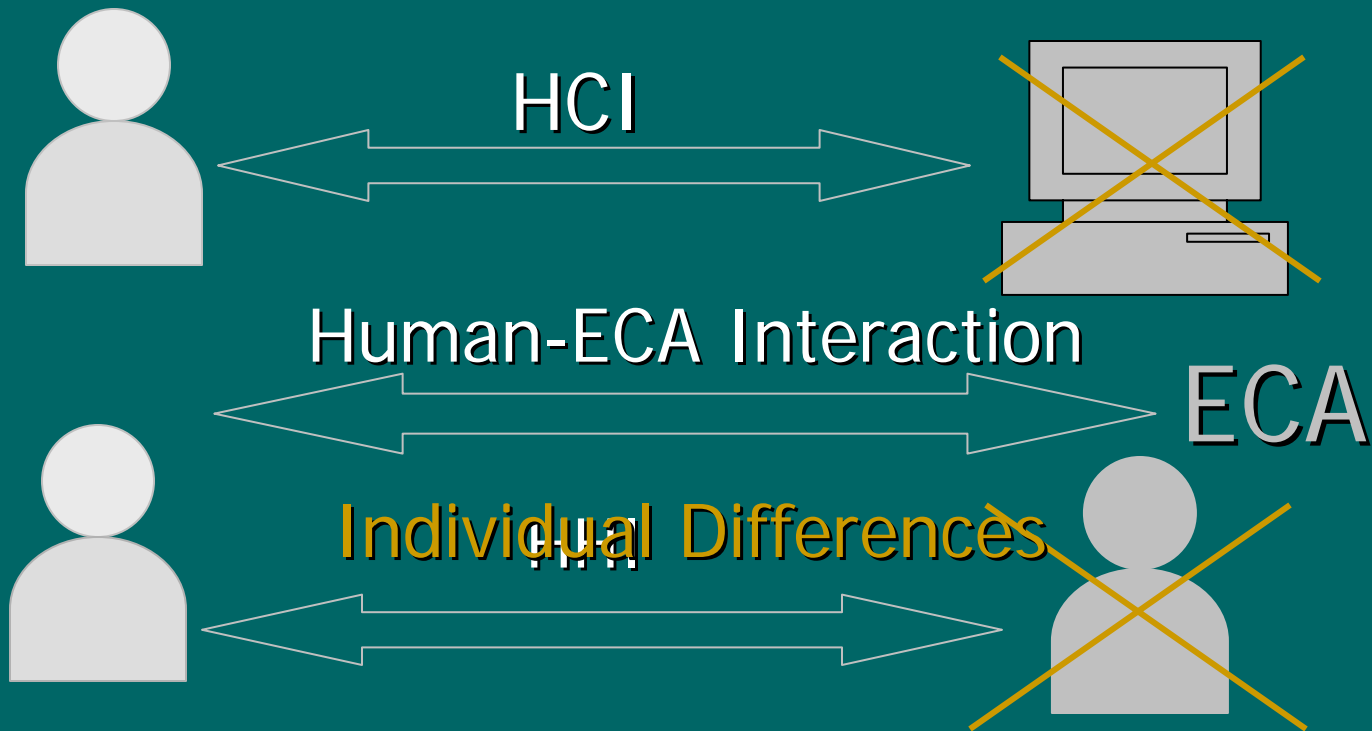
Sounds mechanical

Natural, friendly and fun ?

Gives stupid answers



HCI \neq Human-ECA Interaction \neq HHI



Technology Driven vs. User Centered



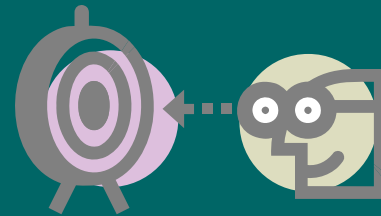
- Computational model

- Models of reasoning, conversation, emotion, gaze, gesture



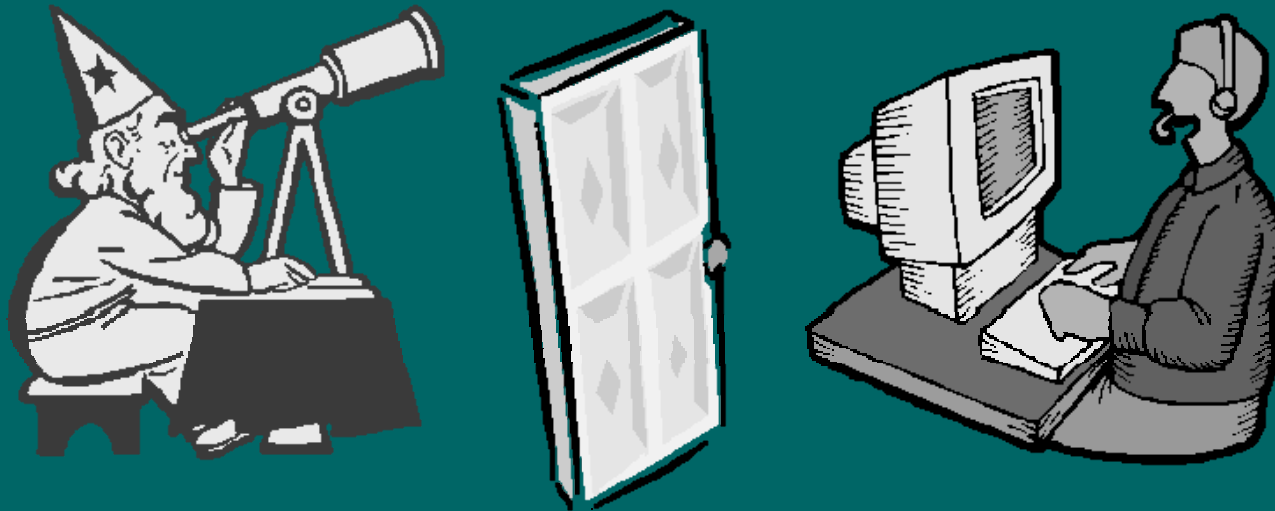
- User experience

- Users' expectation, perception, behavior and performance when they interact with computer agents



Approach: Wizard of Oz Experiment

Kelley, 1984



Factor **OUT** or **IN** AI problems

Choice and Customization Study



V.S.



One size fits all Your wish is my command

Questions needs to be addressed

- Gaming and social networking, but any other domain, any 'real' value?
- Choice probably better, but how much customization and how strong the effect?

Study Tasks



Travel Packing Problem

Item List	Rank List
Pepto-Bismol	1 Foreign Money
Translation Book	2 Walking Shoes
Snacks	3 Books
Umbrella	4 Backpack
Power Converter	5
Alarm Clock	6
Guidebook	
Camera	

Submit Clear

International trip packing

Eligibility for Participation



- Good academic standing
 - Special GPA requirement may apply
- Good standing with the Office of Student Affairs
 - Based on disciplinary record
- Complete three semesters of study
- Attendance at one OIE Orientation
 - Semester program
 - Cross cultural

Study abroad program selection

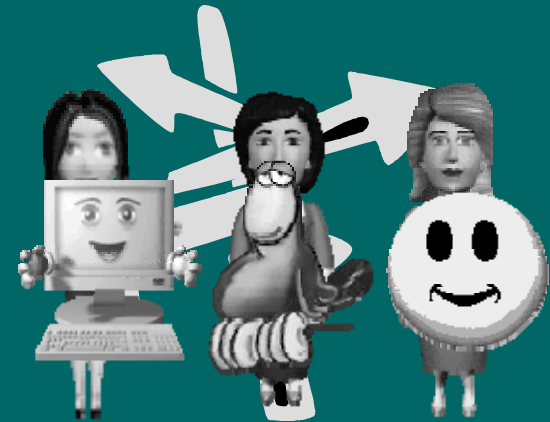
Influence and motivate

Study Conditions: 2x2



I have been in the travel industry as an international travel **consultant** for more than **ten years**.

Well qualified



Chosen



I got my first job as a **receptionist** at a travel agency **last week**.

Poorly qualified

X



Assigned

Study Conditions: 2x2



I have been in the travel industry as an international travel **consultant** for more than **ten years**.

Well qualified



Chosen

Illusion!



I got my first job as a **receptionist** at a travel agency **last week**.

Poorly qualified



Assigned

Measure: Subjective Impressions



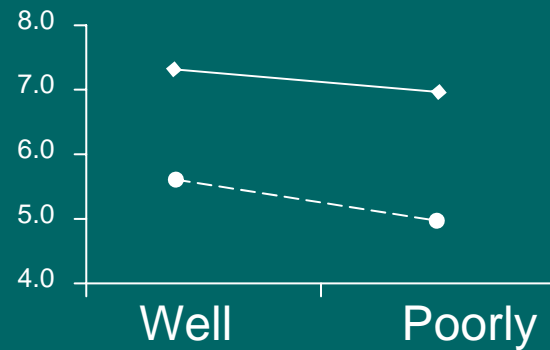
Indexes created from questionnaire
assessing participants' perception of
the agent, the task and the interaction:

likeability, trust, usefulness, enjoyableness

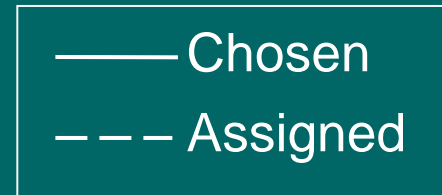
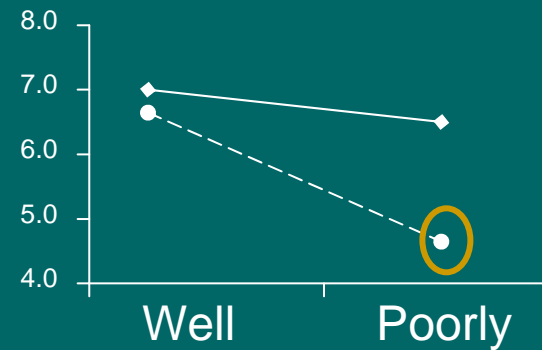
Results: Trip Packing Task



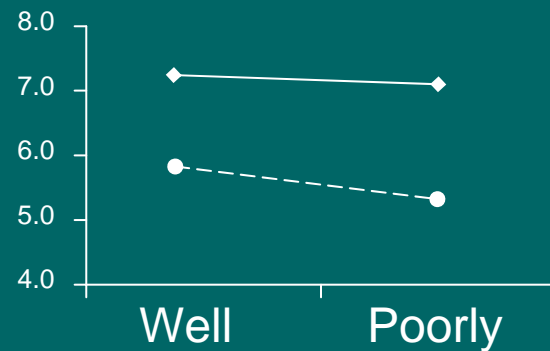
Likeability



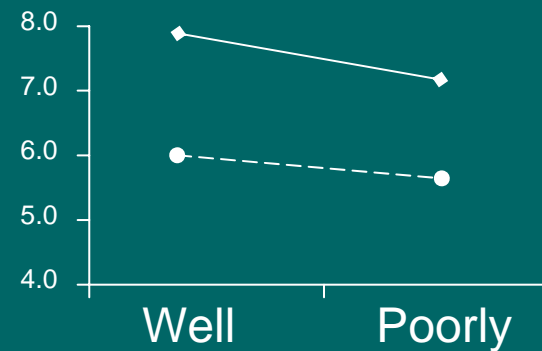
Trust



Usefulness



Enjoyableness of Task

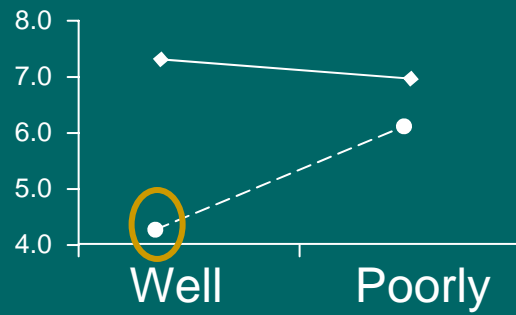


Note: personality and computer anxiety scale were used as covariants

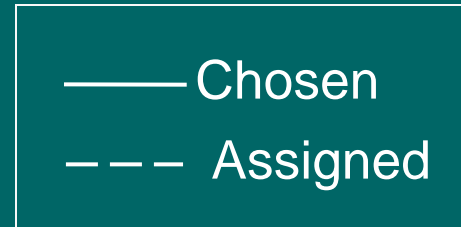
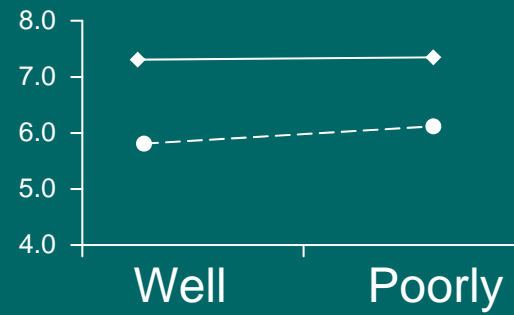
Results: Study Abroad Program Task



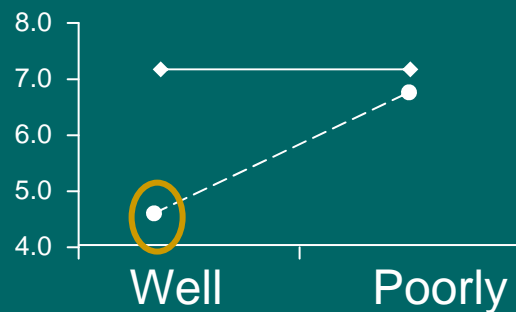
Likeability



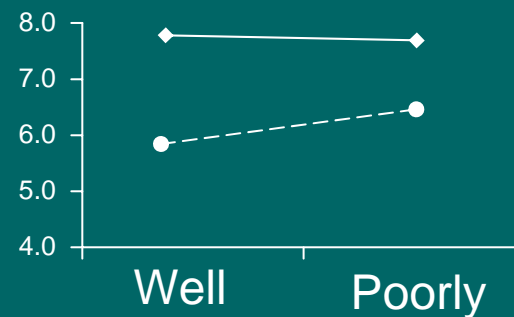
Usefulness



Satisfaction of interaction



Interest of task domain



Note: personality and computer anxiety scale were used as covariants

Measure: Persuasion Effect



Items to pack in travel luggage:

Participant's rankings

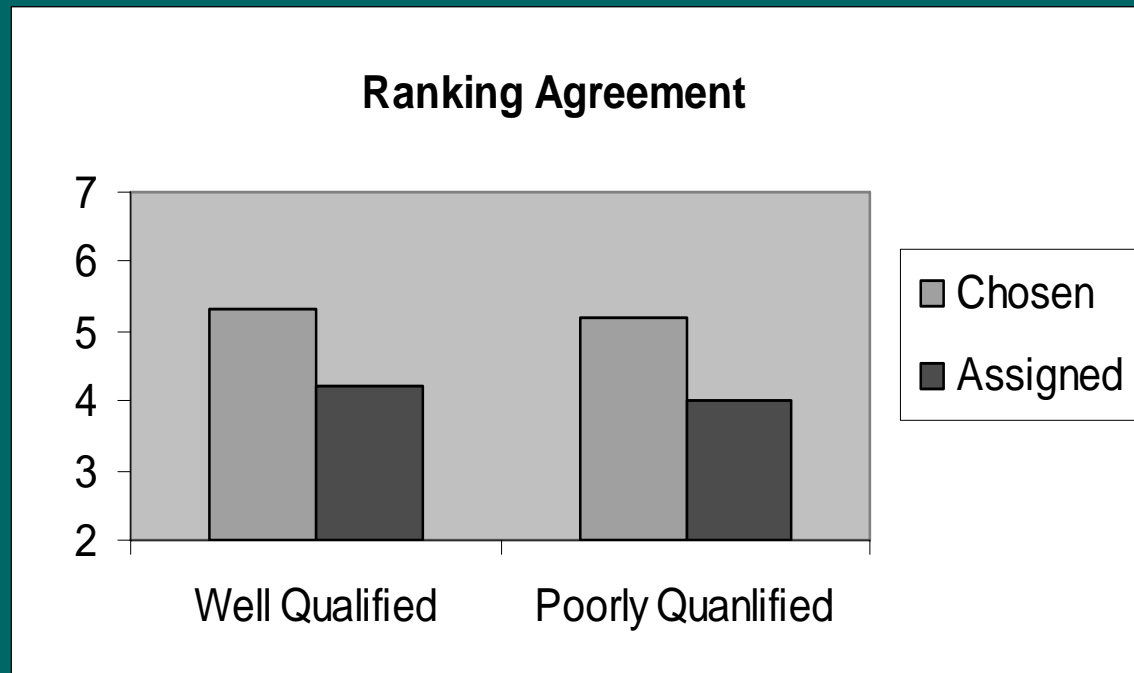
- 1 Translation Book ↓
- 2 Umbrella
- 3 Camera
- 4 Guidebook ✦
- 5 ~~Walking Shoes~~
- 6 Power Converter

V.S.

Agent's rankings

- 1 Guidebook ✦
- 2 Umbrella
- 3 Alarm Clock
- 4 Translation Book
- 5 Camera
- 6 Power Converter

Result: Persuasion Effect

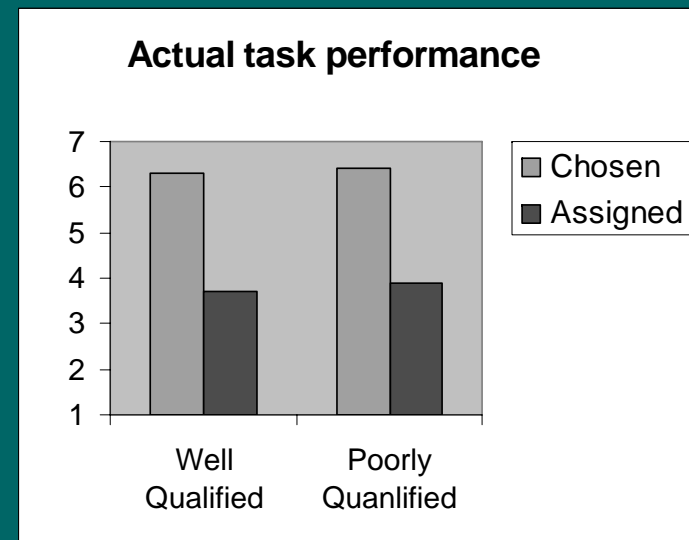
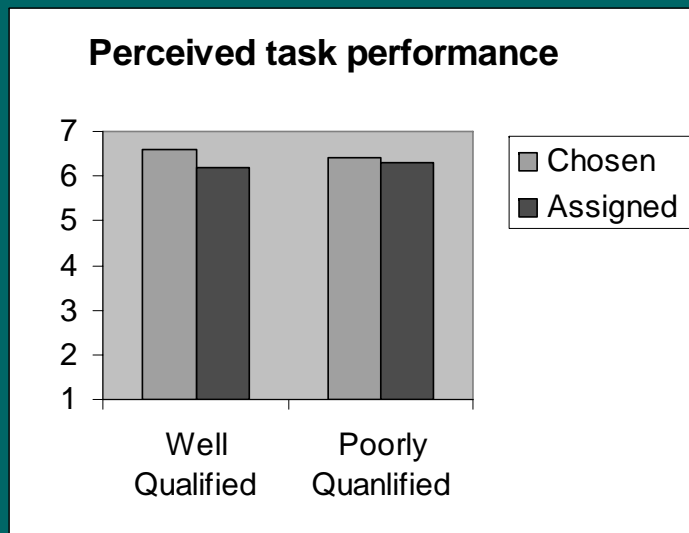


Note: personality and travel experience score were used as covariants

Result: Objective Task Performance



Study abroad program selection



Key to success: ask more!

Result: Desire to Influence



Participants in the **ASSIGNED** conditions:

“Ok”, “No”, “I don’t know”, “Reasonable”, “Somewhat.”

Participants in the **CHOSEN** conditions:

“I agree with that. It makes sense. I would say the translation book probably should not be at the first place. Yeah, I forgot about the backpack. Excellent idea. I can definitely see your point. I did not think of that.”

“Yes, I understand that. I was just thinking that maybe because I can find ATM machines there. But it (the ECA’s argument about cash being important) makes sense.”

Result: Affective Feeling



Participants in the **ASSIGNED** conditions:

“Useful? She’s like ‘This is what I think, like it or not!’” ...

Participants in the **CHOSEN** conditions:

“I felt the agent was listening to me and decided whether or not my reasoning was good reasons for why I choose the items that I did. I can tell that [her responses were] based on my responses and [she] responded to my responses. It was definitely taking in what I spoke, using it for feedback.” ...

Result: Contrasting Views



ASSIGNED conditions

*“Lecturing like a **teacher** rather than your big sister.”*

*“Methodical like a **librarian**. More getting down to business than striking you with conversation. Just eliminated the choices.”*

CHOSEN conditions

*“Friendly, encouraging and respectfully like a **teacher**.”*

*“Kind of like a **librarian**, knows her stuff, helpful, attentive, and ready to assist.”*

Implications for Design



- ECAs can be both effective and affective
 - Pervasion effect
 - Motivation effect
- There are major differences in people's preference and perception over features
 - Perceptions are hard to anticipate
 - Simple user selection **process** may help