

# CS 4803 / 7643: Deep Learning

Website: [https://www.cc.gatech.edu/classes/AY2021/cs7643\\_spring/](https://www.cc.gatech.edu/classes/AY2021/cs7643_spring/)

Piazza: <http://piazza.com/gatech/spring2021/cs48037643a>  
(code: DL2021)

Canvas: <https://gatech.instructure.com/courses/172518> (4803)  
<https://gatech.instructure.com/courses/172536> (7643)

Gradescope: <https://www.gradescope.com/courses/228228> (4803)  
<https://www.gradescope.com/courses/229744> (7643)

Zsolt Kira

School of Interactive Computing  
Georgia Tech

# Elephant in the room

- These times are filled with change and uncertainty
- Hope everyone is staying safe and healthy.
- Let's make the best of it.

# Are you in the right place?

- This is CS 4803(DL) / CS 7643
  - “On campus” class
  
- This is NOT CS 7643-O01/OAN/Q/R
  - Online class for OMSCS program

# Spring 21 Delivery Format

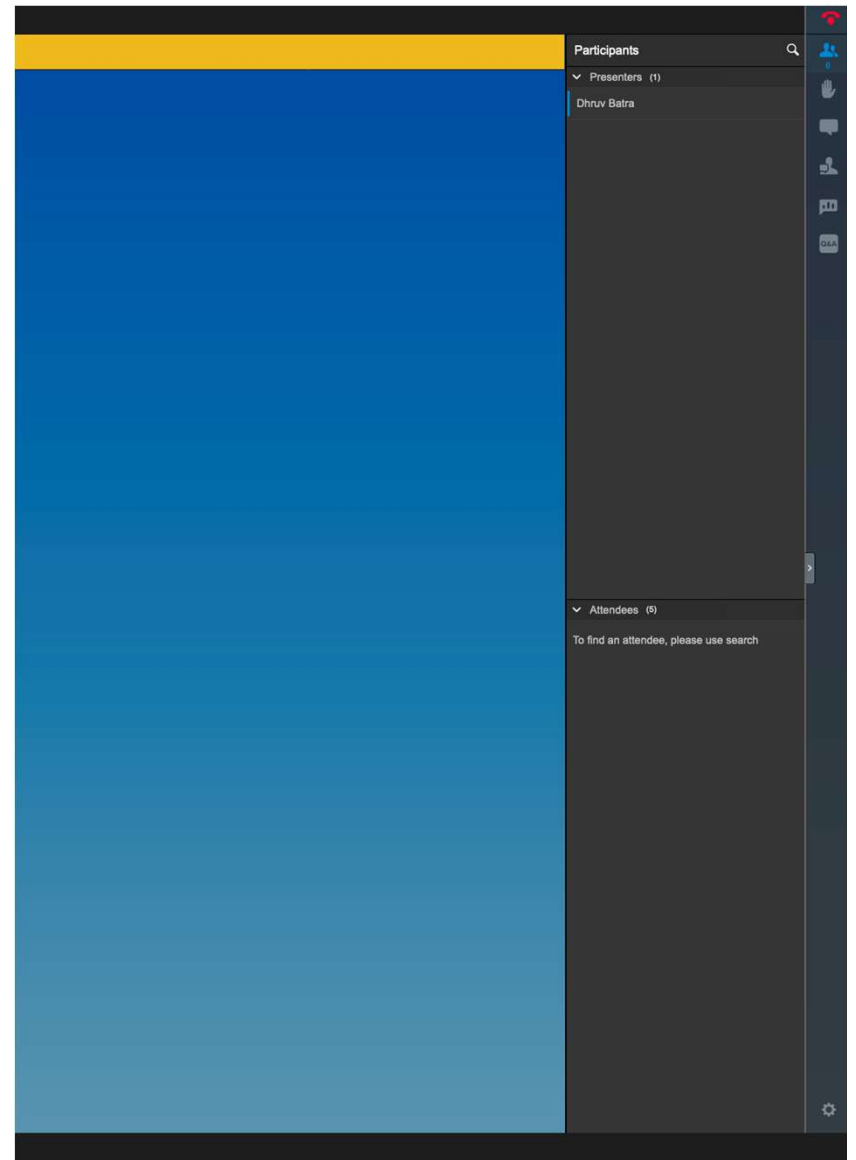
- Remote
  - No in-person interaction
  - Lectures, office hours, HW/project submissions online
    - No exam
- Sync
  - There is a scheduled “live” lecture time
- Recording
  - Lectures are recorded and available for viewing
  - We STRONGLY encourage you to attend the lectures
- **Remember: Content is free online.**
  - **You are here for the interaction and the insight.**

# OMSCS Videos

- We will provide dropbox with OMSCS videos
- Nicely produced, clear lectures that allow you to go at your own pace
  - Note slides for this semester will be different from past as a result
- Currently these will be ***supplements*** for those that need it
  - Synchronized lectures will cover the same materials but with a little bit more depth (e.g. a few additional mathematical details/intuitions)
  - These will also be recorded
  - Depending on interest and time available, may experiment with adding research topics
- **Remember: Content is free online.**
  - **You are here for the interaction and the insight.**

# How to interact

- Questions
  - Q&A
    - if one-off question
  - Chat
    - for back and forth
  - Raise hand
    - TA will elevate you to participant
  - We'll explicitly stop and take questions periodically
    - But feel free to ask in between
- BlueJeans Event
  - ~10 sec lag



# Outline

- What is Deep Learning, the field, about?
  - Highlight of some recent projects from my lab
- What is this class about?
  - What to expect?
  - Logistics
- FAQ

# Outline

- What is Deep Learning, the field, about?
  - Highlight of some recent projects from my lab
- What is this class about?
  - What to expect?
  - Logistics
- FAQ





What are we here to discuss?

**Some of the most exciting  
developments in**

**Machine Learning,  
Vision, NLP, Speech, Robotics  
& AI in general**

**in the last decade!**

# Demo time

**[vqa.clouddcv.org](http://vqa.clouddcv.org)**

**[demo.visualdialog.org](http://demo.visualdialog.org)**

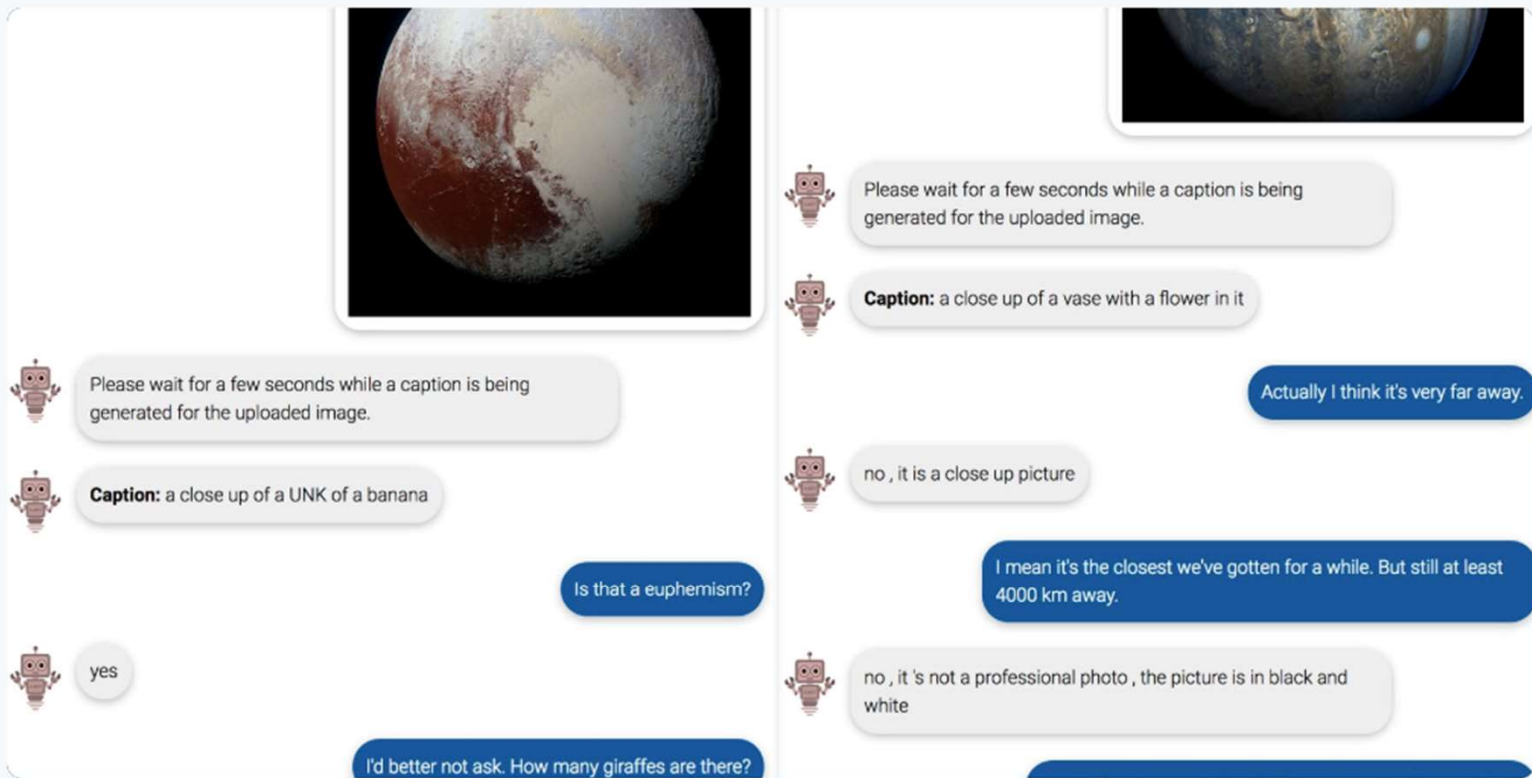


**Janelle Shane** @JanelleCShane · Jun 24

One fun thing I discovered about Visual Chatbot.

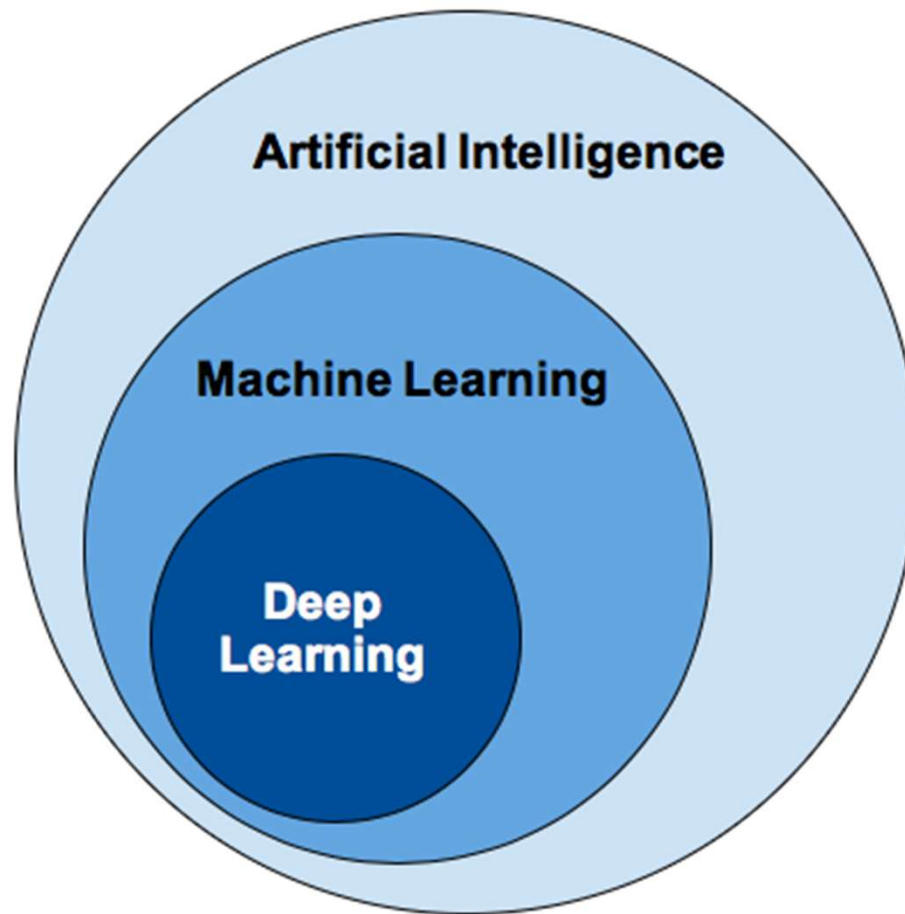
It learned from answers that humans gave, and apparently nobody ever asked "how many giraffes are there?" when the answer was zero.

[demo.visualdialog.org](http://demo.visualdialog.org)



24 159 515

# Concepts



# What is (general) intelligence?

- Boring textbook answer

*The ability to acquire and apply knowledge and skills*

– Dictionary

- A favorite

*The ability to navigate in problem space*

– Siddhartha Mukherjee, Columbia

# What is artificial intelligence?

- Boring textbook answer

*Intelligence demonstrated by machines*

– Wikipedia

- A favorite:

*The science and engineering of making computers behave in ways that, until recently, we thought required human intelligence.*

– Andrew Moore, CMU

# What is machine learning?

- A favorite

*Study of algorithms that  
improve their performance (P)  
at some task (T)  
with experience (E)*  
– Tom Mitchell, CMU

# So what *is* Deep (Machine) Learning?

- Representation Learning
- Neural Networks
- Deep Unsupervised/Reinforcement/Structured/  
<insert-qualifier-here>  
Learning
- Simply: Deep Learning



# So what *is* Deep (Machine) Learning?

- A few different ideas:
  - (Hierarchical) Compositionality
    - Cascade of non-linear transformations
    - Multiple layers of representations
  - End-to-End Learning
    - Learning (goal-driven) representations
    - Learning to feature extraction
  - Distributed Representations
    - No single neuron “encodes” everything
    - Groups of neurons work together

# Hierarchical Compositionality

## VISION

pixels → edge → texture → motif → part → object

## SPEECH

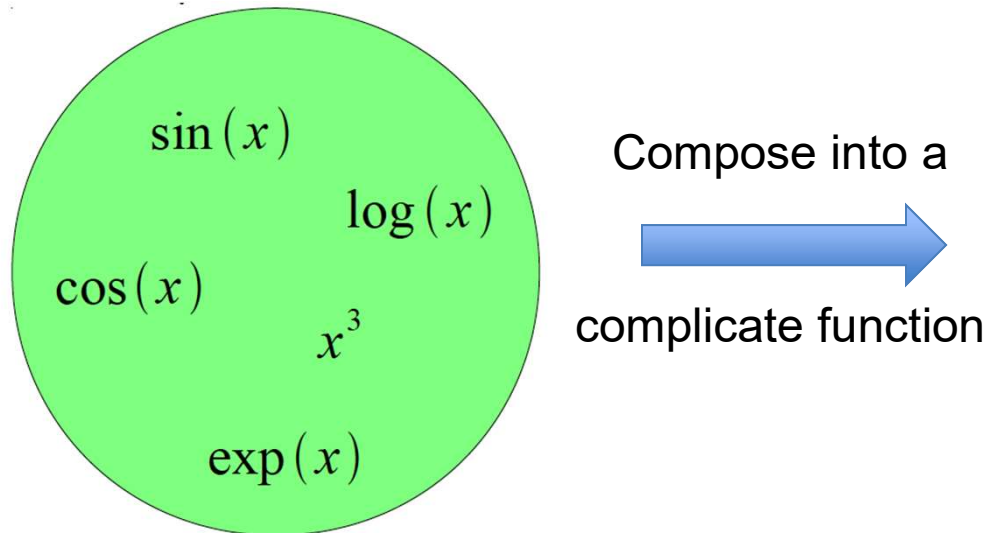
sample → spectral band → formant → motif → phone → word

## NLP

character → word → NP/VP/.. → clause → sentence → story

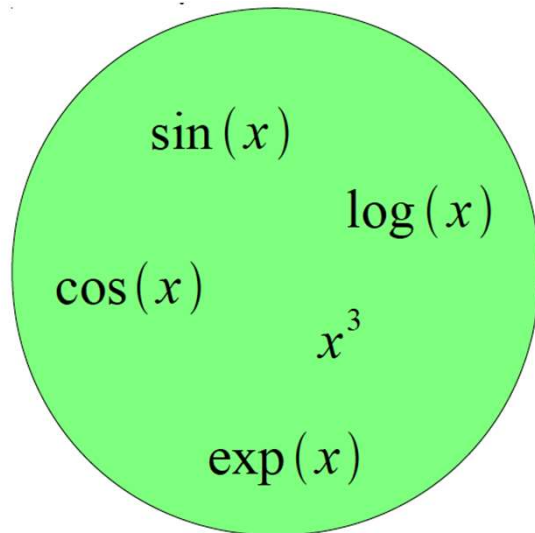
# Building A Complicated Function

Given a library of simple functions



# Building A Complicated Function

Given a library of simple functions

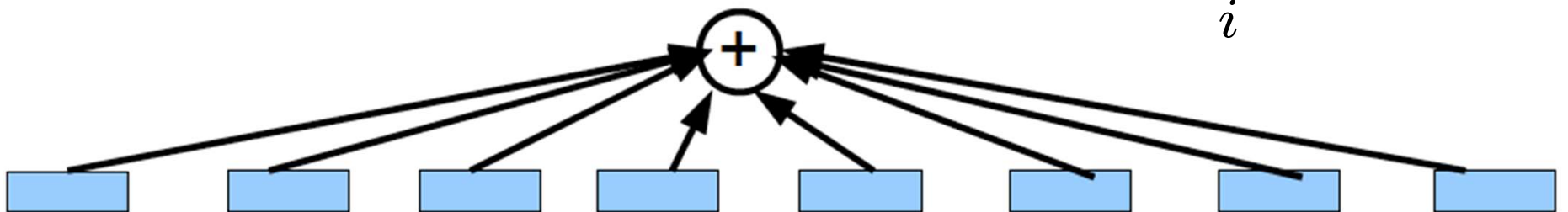


Compose into a  
→  
complicate function

## Idea 1: Linear Combinations

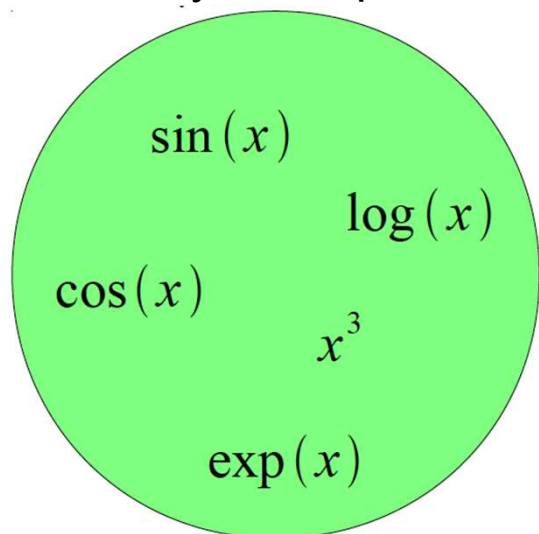
- Boosting
- Kernels
- ...


$$f(x) = \sum_i \alpha_i g_i(x)$$



# Building A Complicated Function

Given a library of simple functions

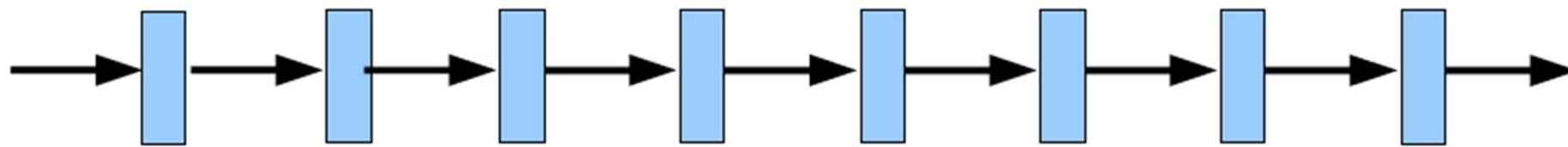


Compose into a  
  
complicate function

## Idea 2: Compositions

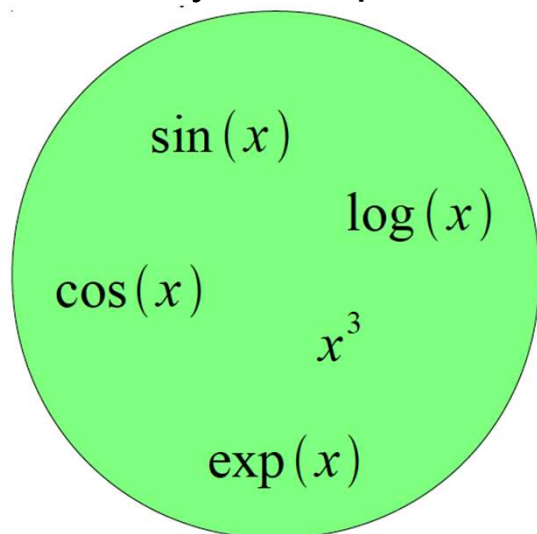
- Deep Learning
- Grammar models
- Scattering transforms...

$$f(x) = g_1(g_2(\dots(g_n(x)\dots)))$$



# Building A Complicated Function

Given a library of simple functions

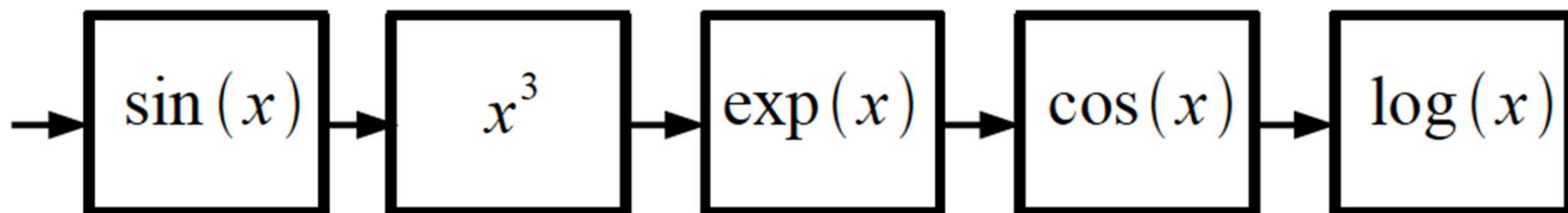


Compose into a  
→  
complicate function

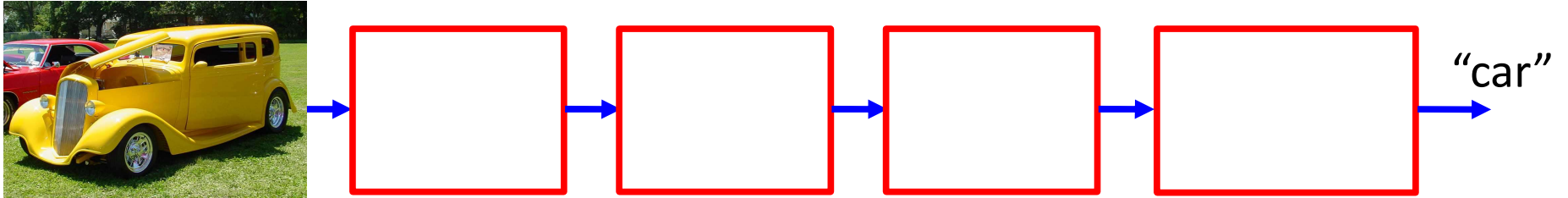
## Idea 2: Compositions

- Deep Learning
- Grammar models
- Scattering transforms...

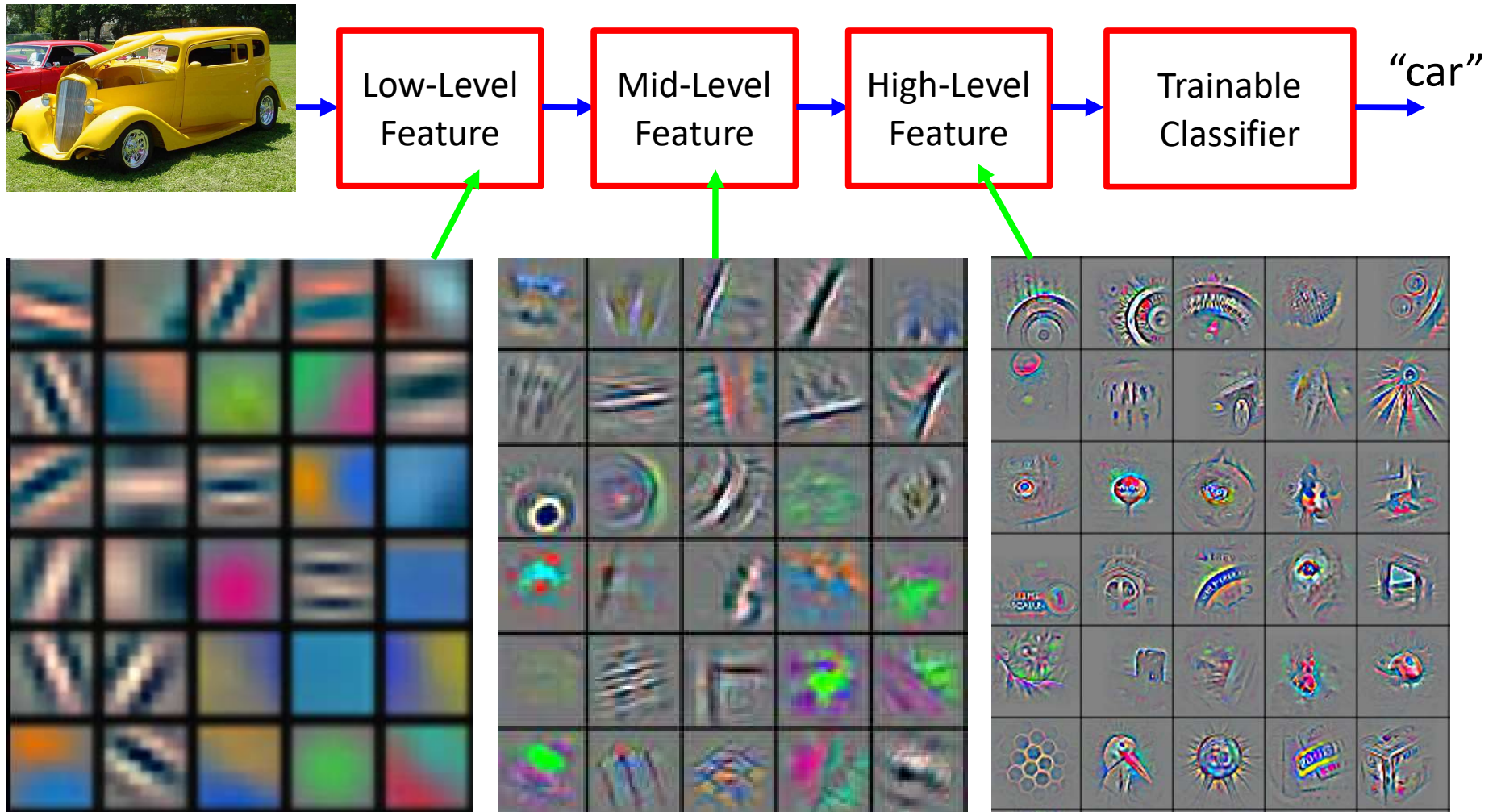
$$f(x) = \log(\cos(\exp(\sin^3(x))))$$



# Deep Learning = Hierarchical Compositionality



# Deep Learning = Hierarchical Compositionality



Feature visualization of convolutional net trained on ImageNet from [Zeiler & Fergus 2013]

Slide Credit: Marc Aurelio Ranzato, Yann LeCun

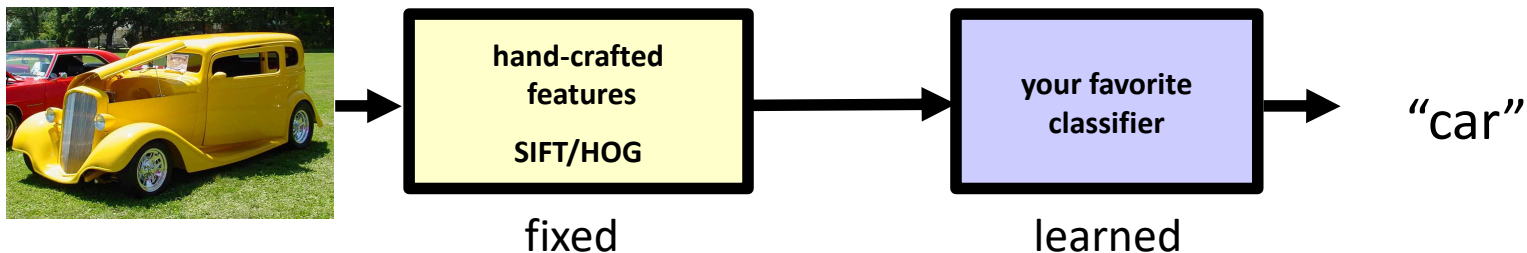


# So what *is* Deep (Machine) Learning?

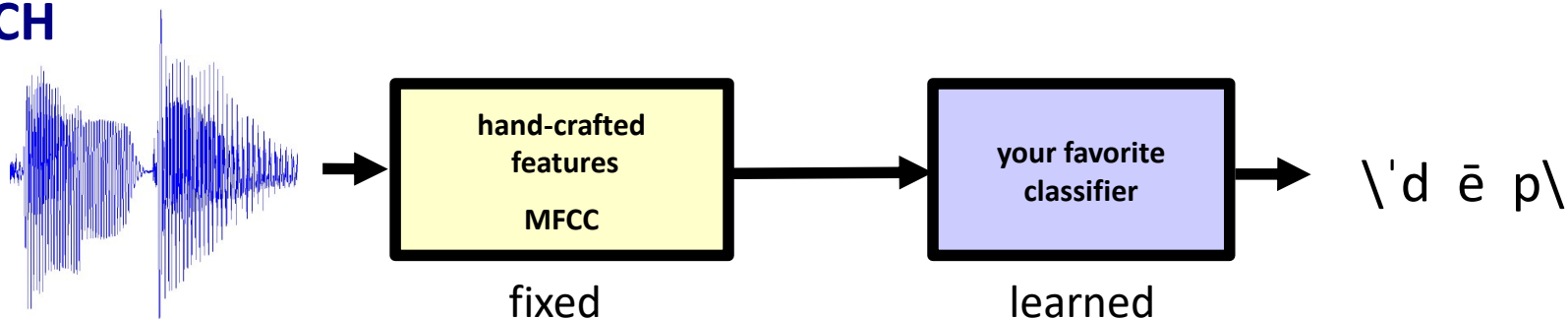
- A few different ideas:
  - (Hierarchical) Compositionality
    - Cascade of non-linear transformations
    - Multiple layers of representations
  - End-to-End Learning
    - Learning (goal-driven) representations
    - Learning to feature extraction
  - Distributed Representations
    - No single neuron “encodes” everything
    - Groups of neurons work together

# Traditional Machine Learning

## VISION

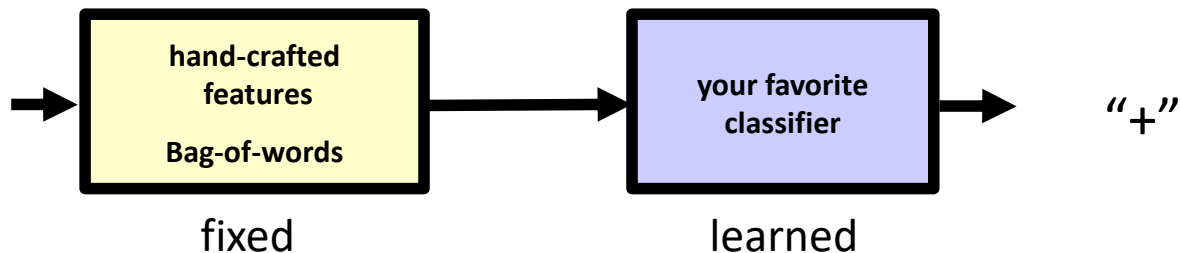


## SPEECH

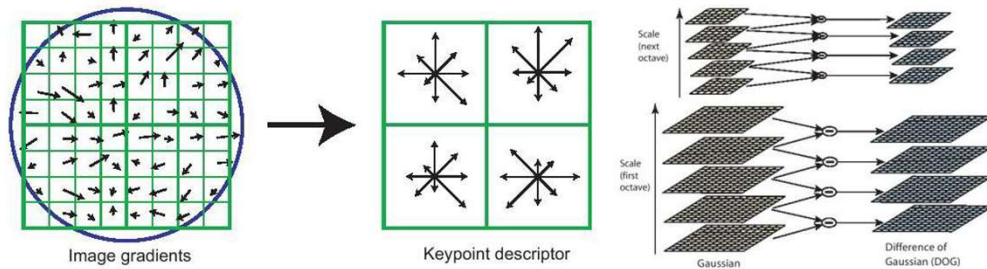


## NLP

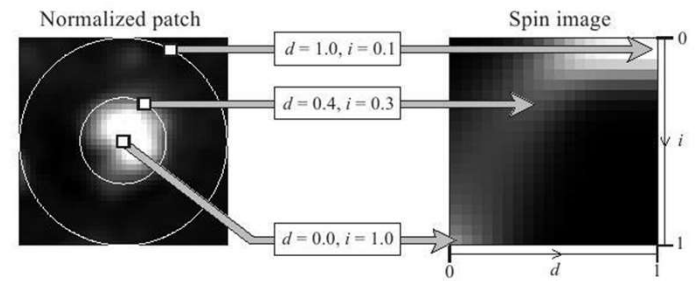
This burrito place  
is yummy and fun!



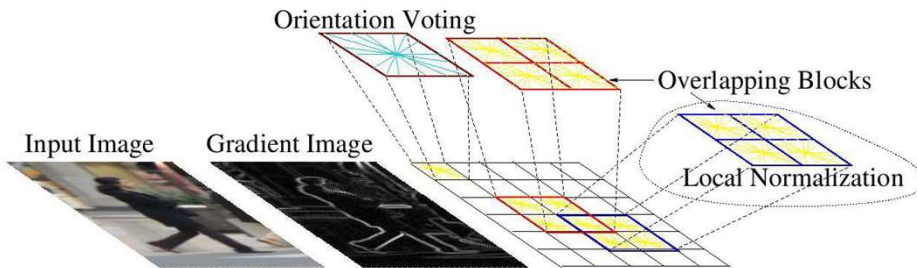
# Feature Engineering



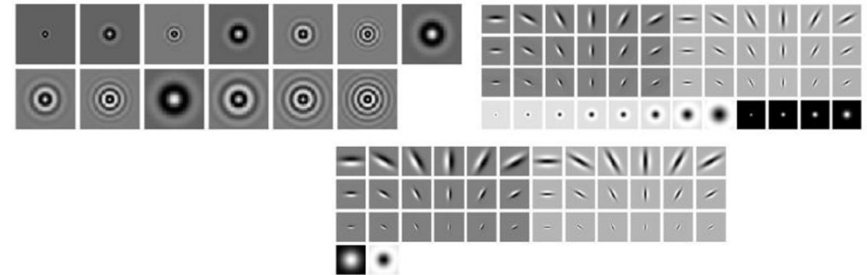
SIFT



Spin Images



HoG

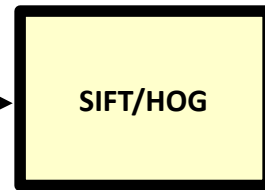


Textons

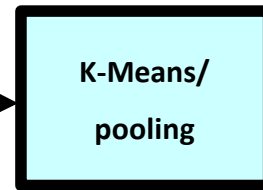
and many many more....

# Traditional Machine Learning (more accurately)

## VISION



fixed



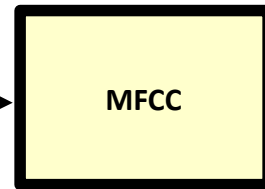
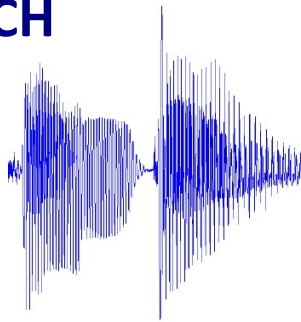
unsupervised



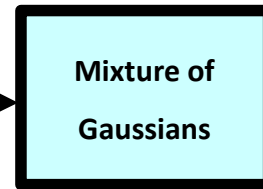
supervised

“car”

## SPEECH



fixed



unsupervised

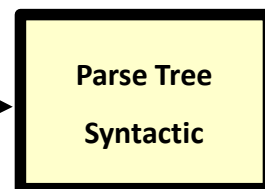


supervised

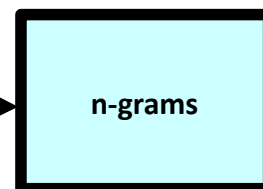
\ 'd ē p \

## NLP

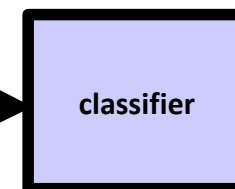
This burrito place  
is yummy and fun!



fixed



unsupervised



supervised

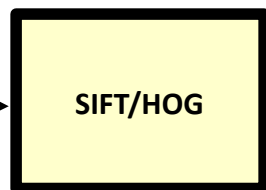
“+”

“Learned”

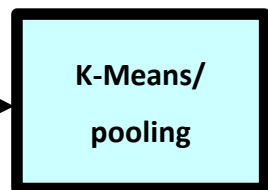


# Deep Learning = End-to-End Learning

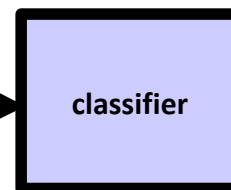
## VISION



fixed



unsupervised



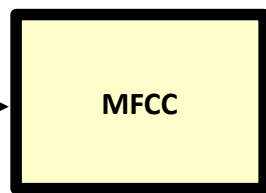
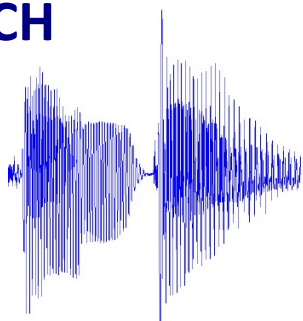
supervised

“car”

“Learned”



## SPEECH



fixed



unsupervised



supervised

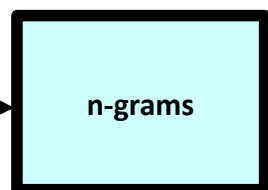
\ 'd ē p \

## NLP

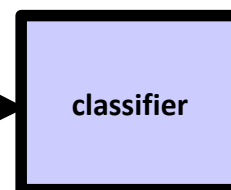
This burrito place  
is yummy and fun!



fixed



unsupervised

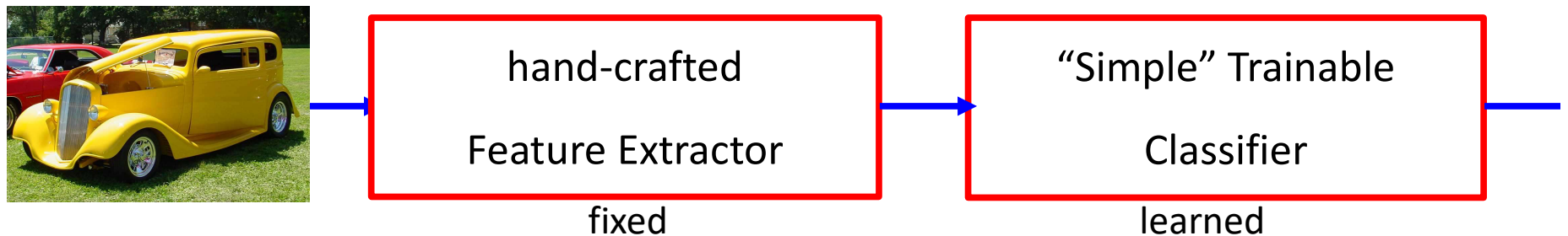


supervised

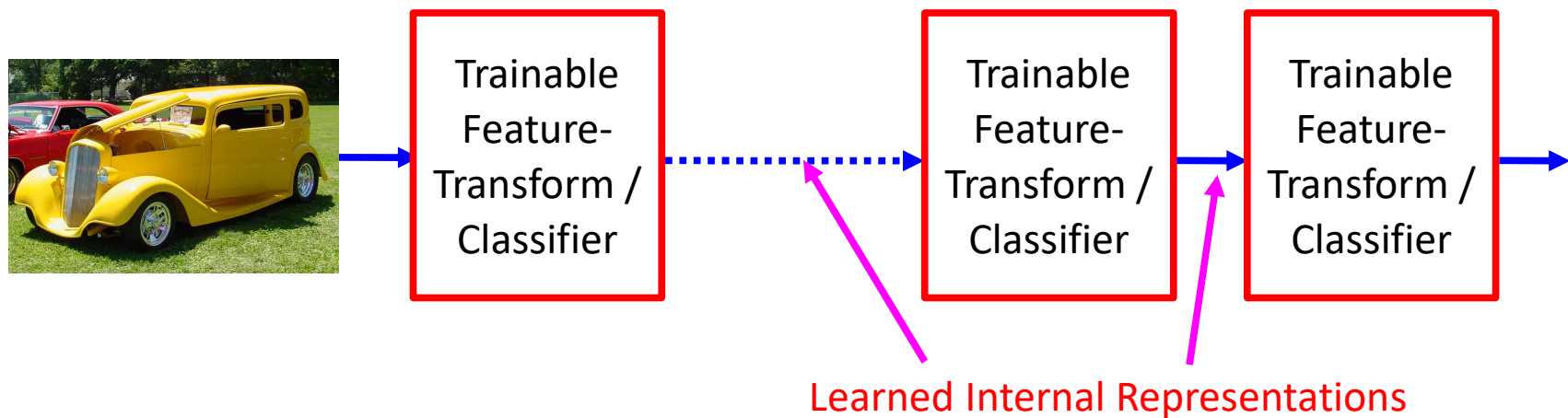
“+”

# “Shallow” vs Deep Learning

- “Shallow” models



- Deep models



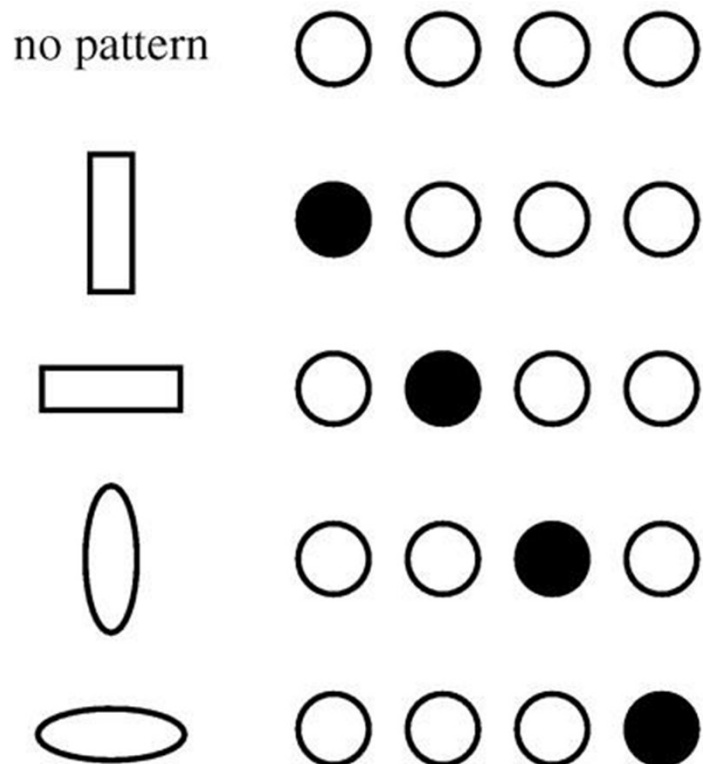
# So what *is* Deep (Machine) Learning?

- A few different ideas:
- (Hierarchical) Compositionality
  - Cascade of non-linear transformations
  - Multiple layers of representations
- End-to-End Learning
  - Learning (goal-driven) representations
  - Learning to feature extraction
- Distributed Representations
  - No single neuron “encodes” everything
  - Groups of neurons work together

# Distributed Representations Toy Example

- Local vs Distributed

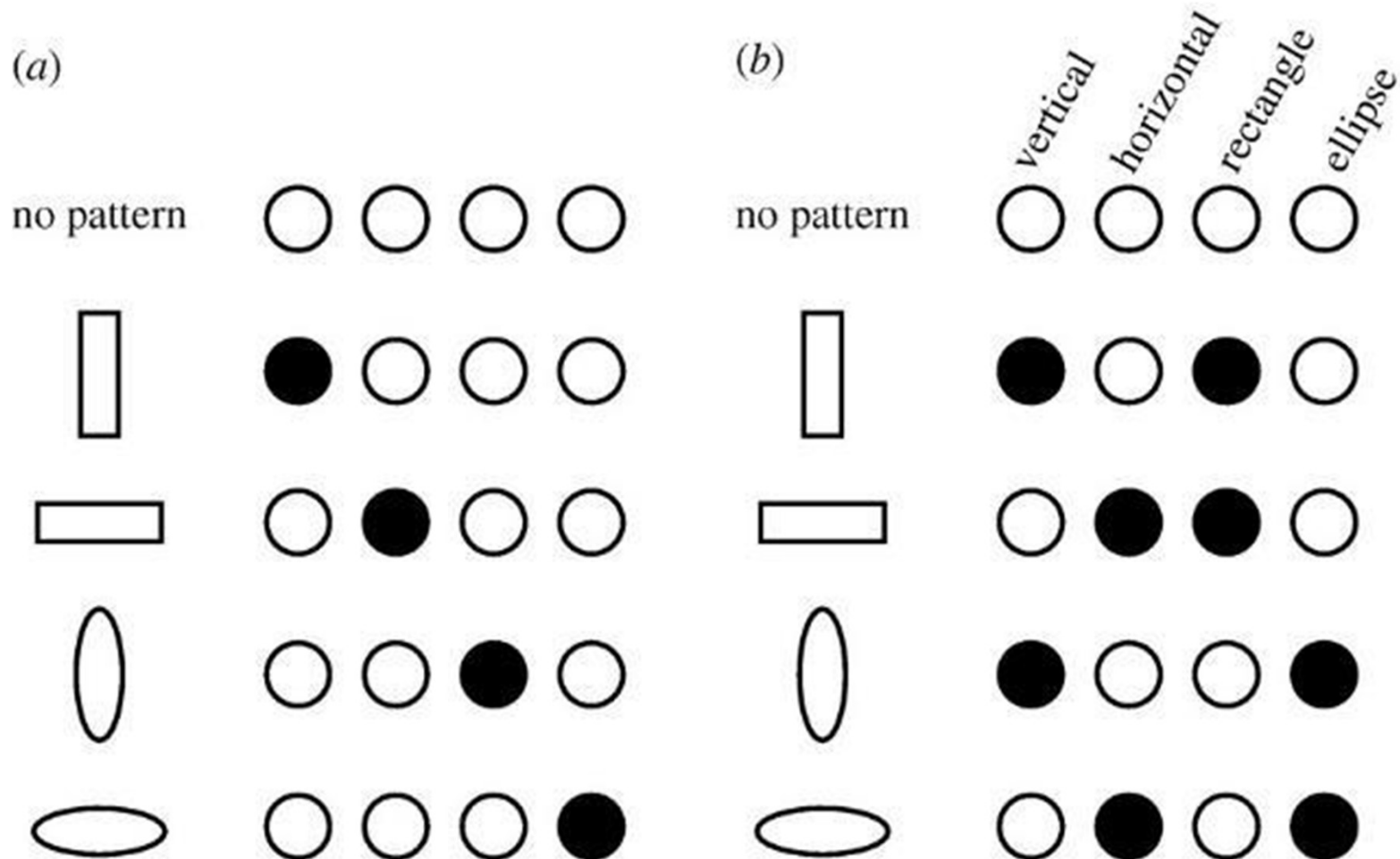
(a)





# Distributed Representations Toy Example

- Can we interpret each dimension?



# Power of distributed representations!

Local

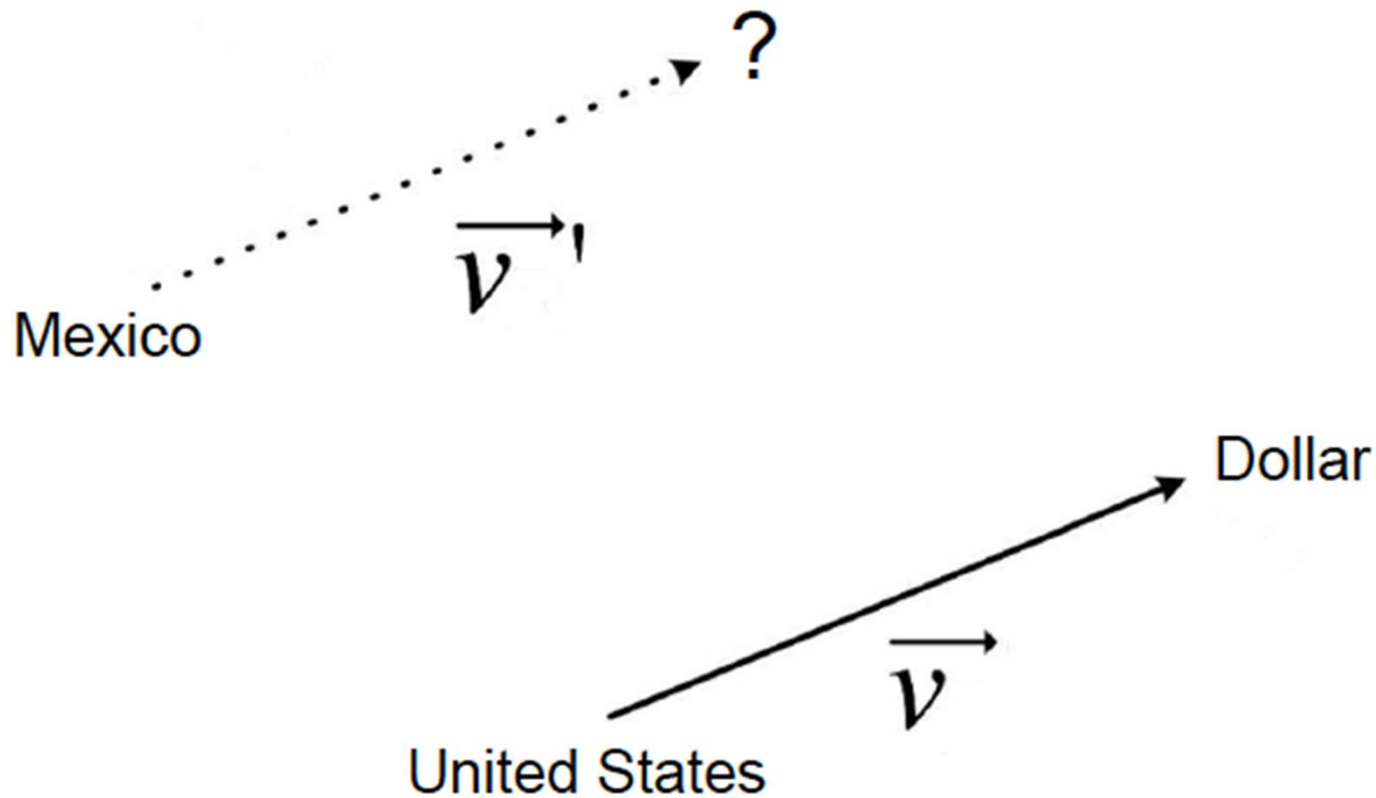
$$\bullet \bullet \circ \bullet = VR + HR + HE = ?$$

Distributed

$$\bullet \bullet \circ \bullet = V + H + E \approx \bigcirc$$

# Power of distributed representations!

- United States:Dollar :: Mexico:?



# ThisPlusThat.me

the matrix - thoughtful + dumb

Search

How it Works

mbiguated into *+1 the\_matrix -1 thoughtful +1 dumb* in 0.0 seconds from ip-10-32-114-31

FILM, W FILM, NETFLIX TITLE,



## Blade II

Blade II is a 2002 American vampire superhero action film base Marvel Comics character Blade. It is the sequel of the first film a part of the Blade film series. It was written by David S. Goyer, w previous film. Guillermo del Toro was signed in to d...

Horror Film

Image Credit:

# So what *is* Deep (Machine) Learning?

- A few different ideas:
- (Hierarchical) Compositionality
  - Cascade of non-linear transformations
  - Multiple layers of representations
- End-to-End Learning
  - Learning (goal-driven) representations
  - Learning to feature extraction
- Distributed Representations
  - No single neuron “encodes” everything
  - Groups of neurons work together

# Benefits of Deep/Representation Learning

- (Usually) Better Performance
  - Caveats: given enough data, similar train-test distributions, non-adversarial evaluation, etc, etc.
- New domains without “experts”
  - RGBD/Lidar
  - Multi-spectral data
  - Gene-expression data
  - Unclear how to hand-engineer

# “Expert” intuitions can be misleading

- *“Every time I fire a linguist, the performance of our speech recognition system goes up”*
  - Fred Jelinek, IBM '98



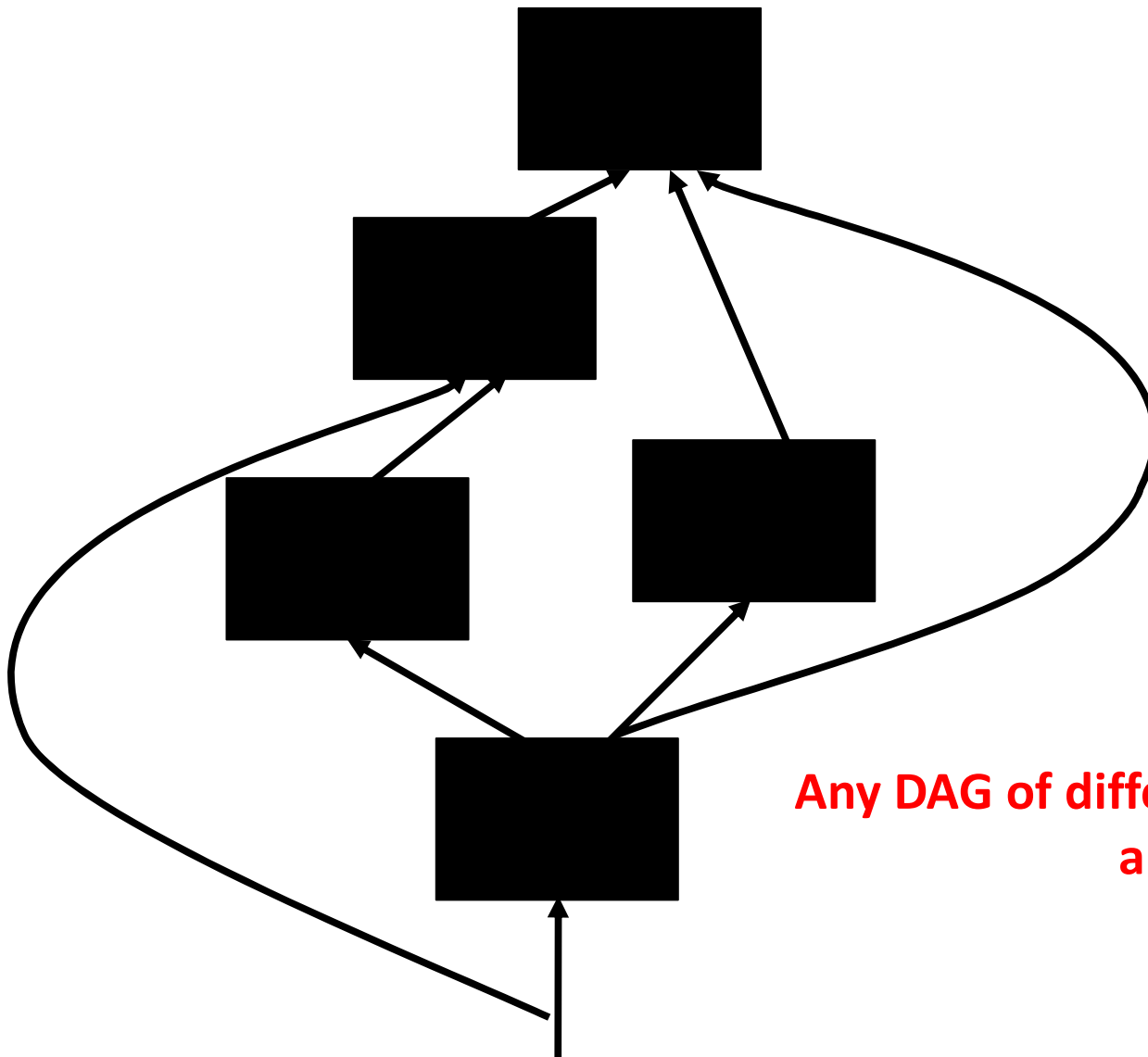
- *“Because gradient descent is better than you”*
  - Yann LeCun, CVPR '13

# Benefits of Deep/Representation Learning

- Modularity!
- Plug and play architectures!



# Differentiable Computation Graph



**Any DAG of differentiable modules is allowed!**

# Problems with Deep Learning

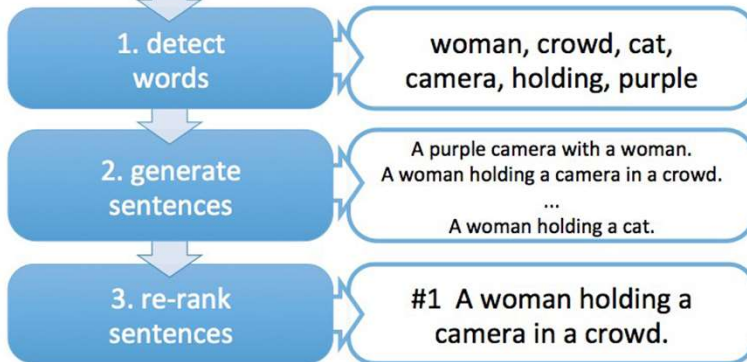
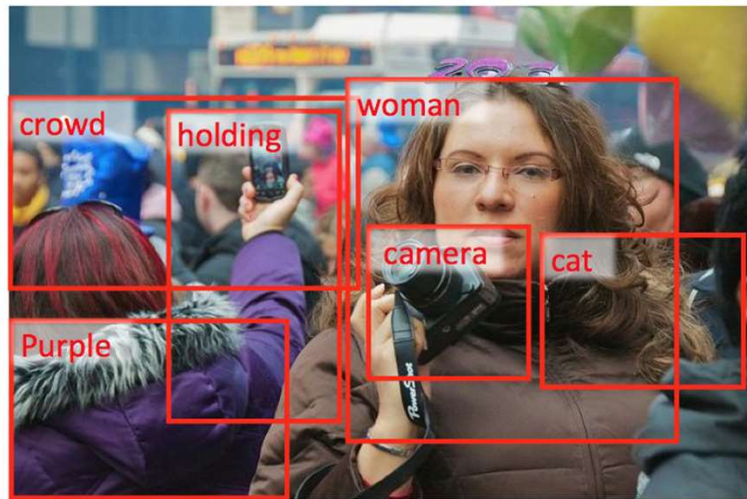
- **Problem#1: Lack of a formal understanding**
  - Non-Convex! Non-Convex! Non-Convex!
    - Depth $\geq$ 3: most losses non-convex in parameters
  - Worse still, existing intuitions from classical statistical learning theory don't seem to carry over.
  - Theoretically, we are stumbling in the dark here
- **Standard response #1**
  - “Yes, but this just means there's new theory to be constructed”
  - “All interesting learning problems are non-convex”
    - For example, human learning
      - Order matters  $\rightarrow$  wave hands  $\rightarrow$  non-convexity
- **Standard response #2**
  - “Yes, but it often works!”

# Problems with Deep Learning

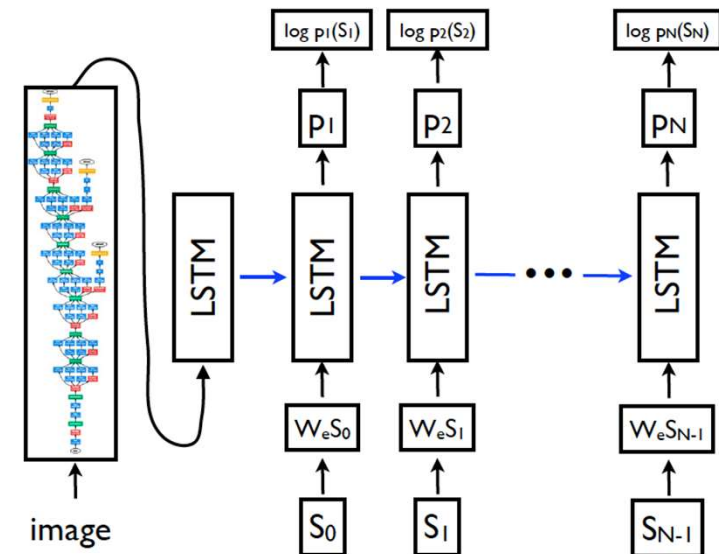
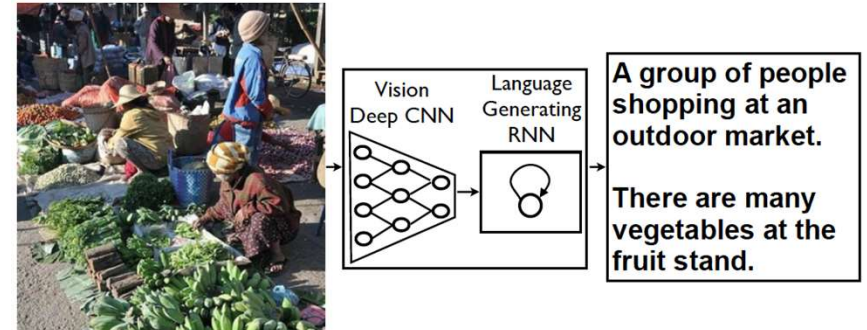
- **Problem#2: Lack of interpretability**
  - Hard to track down what's failing
  - Pipeline systems have expected performances at each step
  - In end-to-end systems, it's hard to know why things are not working

# Problems with Deep Learning

- Problem#2: Lack of interpretability



[Fang et al. CVPR15]



[Vinyals et al. CVPR15]

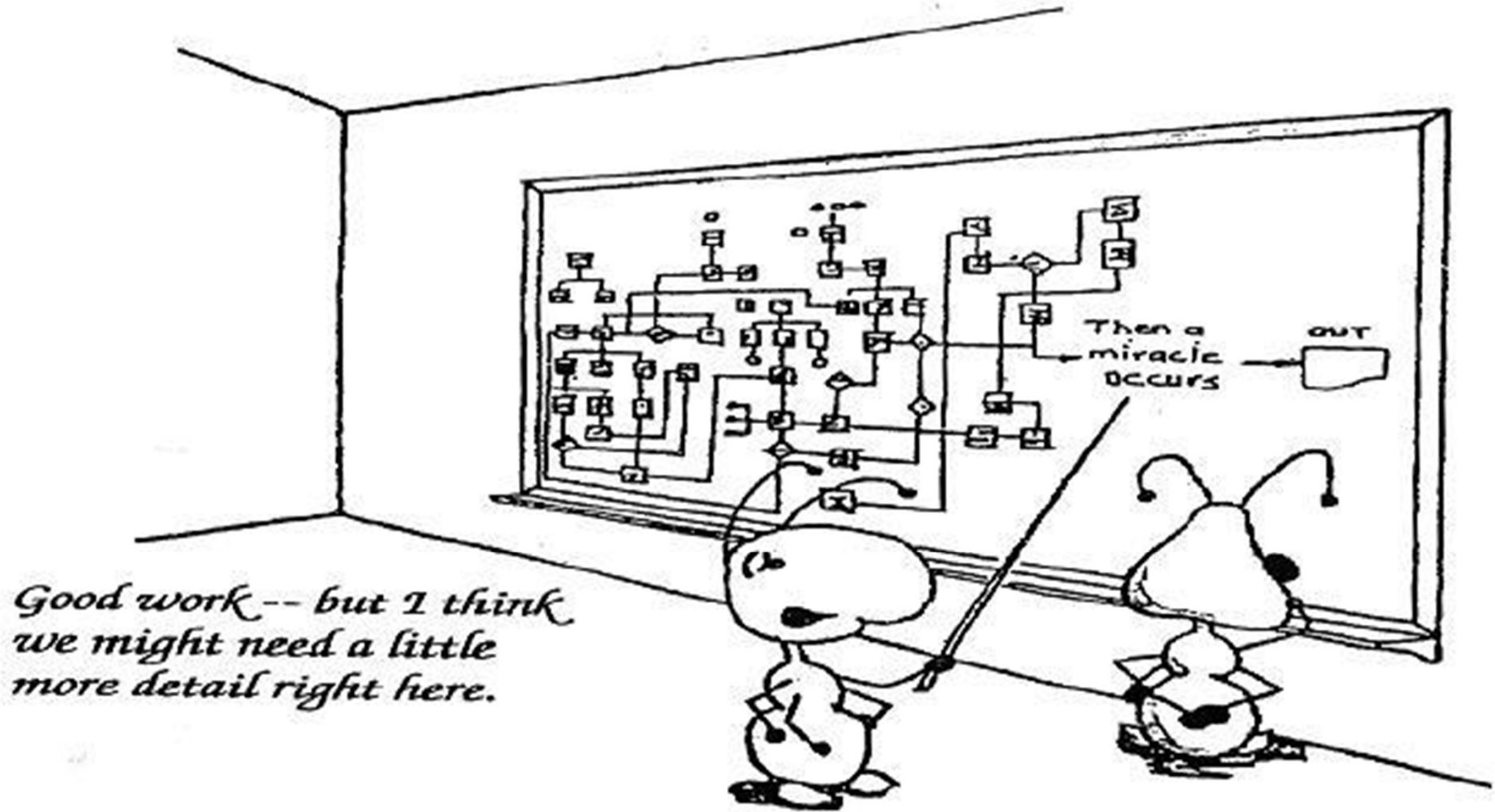
# Problems with Deep Learning

- **Problem#2: Lack of interpretability**
  - Hard to track down what's failing
  - Pipeline systems have “oracle” performances at each step
  - In end-to-end systems, it's hard to know why things are not working
- **Standard response #1**
  - Tricks of the trade: visualize features, add losses at different layers, pre-train to avoid degenerate initializations...
  - “We're working on it”
- **Standard response #2**
  - “Yes, but it often works!”

# Problems with Deep Learning

- **Problem#3: Lack of easy reproducibility**
  - Direct consequence of stochasticity & non-convexity
    - different initializations → different local minima
- **Standard response #1**
  - It's getting much better
  - Standard toolkits/libraries/frameworks now available
  - PyTorch, TensorFlow, MxNet...
- **Standard response #2**
  - “Yes, but it often works!”

# Yes it works, but how?



# Outline

- What is Deep Learning, the field, about?
  - Highlight of some recent projects from my lab
- What is this class about?
  - What to expect?
  - Logistics
- FAQ



# Outline

- What is Deep Learning, the field, about?
  - Highlight of some recent projects from my lab
- What is this class about?
  - What to expect?
  - Logistics
- FAQ

# What is this class about?

- Introduction to Deep Learning
- Goal:
  - After finishing this class, you should be ready to get started on your first DL research project.
    - CNNs
    - RNNs / Transformers
    - Deep Reinforcement Learning
    - Generative Models (VAEs, GANs)
- Target Audience:
  - Senior undergrads, MS-ML, and new PhD students

# What this class is NOT

- NOT the target audience:
  - Advanced grad-students already working in ML/DL areas
  - People looking to understand latest and greatest cutting-edge research (e.g. GANs, AlphaGo, etc)
  - Undergraduate/Masters students looking to graduate with a DL class on their resume.
- NOT the goal:
  - Teaching a toolkit. “Intro to TensorFlow/PyTorch”
  - Intro to Machine Learning

# Caveat

- This is an **ADVANCED** Machine Learning class
  - This should **NOT** be your first introduction to ML
  - You will need a formal class; not just self-reading/coursera
  - If you took CS 7641/ISYE 6740/CSE 6740 @GT, you're in the right place
  - If you took an equivalent class elsewhere, see list of topics taught in CS 7641 to be sure.

# Prerequisites

- Intro Machine Learning
  - Classifiers, regressors, loss functions, MLE, MAP
- Linear Algebra
  - Matrix multiplication, eigenvalues, positive semi-definiteness...
- Calculus
  - Multi-variate gradients, hessians, jacobians...
- Must read (on W3 reading list): [Matrix calculus for deep learning](#)
  - <https://explained.ai/matrix-calculus/index.html>

Prerequisites

**GRADIENTS**

**GRADIENTS EVERYWHERE!**

# Prerequisites

- Intro Machine Learning
  - Classifiers, regressors, loss functions, MLE, MAP
- Linear Algebra
  - Matrix multiplication, eigenvalues, positive semi-definiteness...
- Calculus
  - Multi-variate gradients, hessians, jacobians...
- **Programming!**
  - Homeworks will require Python!
  - Libraries/Frameworks: PyTorch
  - HW0+5 (pure python), HW1 (python + PyTorch), HW2+3+4 (PyTorch)
  - Your language of choice for project

# Course Information

- Instructor: Zsolt Kira
  - zkira@gatech dot edu (**use piazza for most things!**)



# TAs



Manas Sahni (Head TA)



Yihao Chen



Rahul Duggal

Program: PhD CS (3<sup>rd</sup> Year)  
Research Interests: Model  
compression, Neural architecture  
search.



Hrishikesh Kale



Man Xie

PhD in Interactive Computing,  
working with Dr. Frank Dellaert



Michael Pisen

- 5th year studying CS and Math
- Third semester TAing for 4803/7643
- Research interests are multi-agent RL and robotics

Interests: Snowboarding, Learning Languages



Zhuoran Yu

# Organization & Deliverables

- 4 problem-sets+homeworks (80%)
  - Mix of theory (PS) and implementation (HW)
  - First one goes out next week
    - Start early, Start early, Start early, Start early, Start early, Start early, Start early, Start early, Start early, Start early
- Final project (20%)
  - Projects done in groups of 3-4
- (Bonus) Class Participation (3%)
  - Contribute to class discussions on Piazza
  - Ask questions, answer questions

# Plenty of “buffer” built in

- Grace period
  - 2 days grace period
    - Intended for *checking* submission NOT to replace due date
    - No need to ask for grace, no penalty for turning it in within grace period
    - Can NOT use for PS0
  - After grace period, you get a 0 (no excuses except medical)
    - Send all medical requests to dean of students (<https://studentlife.gatech.edu/>)
    - Form: [https://gatech-advocate.symplicity.com/care\\_report/index.php/pid224342?](https://gatech-advocate.symplicity.com/care_report/index.php/pid224342?)
  - **DO NOT SEND US ANY MEDICAL INFORMATION!** We do not need any details, just a confirmation from dean of students

# PS0

- Out today; due Wed. Jan 20th
  - Will be available on class webpage + Canvas
- Grading
  - Not counted towards your final grade, but required
  - $\leq 75\%$  means that you might not be prepared for the class
  - If you submit after Wed. we will not grade before registration ends
- Topics
  - PS: probability, calculus, convexity, proving things

# Computing

- Major bottleneck
  - GPUs
- Options
  - Your own / group / advisor's resources
  - Google Colab
    - jupyter-notebook + free GPU instance
  - Google Cloud credits (details TBD)

# 4803 vs 7643

- Level differentiation
- HWs
  - Extra credit questions for 4803 students, necessary for 7643
- Project
  - Higher expectations from 7643

# Outline

- What is Deep Learning, the field, about?
  - Highlight of some recent projects from my lab
- What is this class about?
  - What to expect?
  - Logistics
- **FAQ**

# Waitlist / Audit / Sit in

- Waitlist
  - Class is full. Size will not increase further.
  - Do PS0. Come to first few classes.
  - Hope people drop.
- “I need this class to graduate”
  - Talk to your degree program advisor. They control the process of making sure you have options to graduate on time.
- Audit or Pass/Fail
  - No. We will give preference to people taking class for credit.
- Sitting in
  - Welcome to. Talk to instructor.



# What is the re-grading policy?

- Homework assignments
  - **Within 1 week** of receiving grades: see the TAs
- This is an advanced grad class.
  - The goal is understanding the material and making progress towards our research.

# What is the collaboration policy?

- Collaboration
  - Only on HWs and project (not allowed in PS0).
  - You may discuss the questions
  - Each student writes their own answers
  - Write on your homework anyone with whom you collaborate
  - Each student must write their own code for the programming part
- Zero tolerance on plagiarism
  - Neither ethical nor in your best interest
  - Always credit your sources
  - Don't cheat. We will find out.

# How do I get in touch?

- Primary means of communication -- Piazza
  - No direct emails to Instructor unless private information
  - Instructor/TAs can provide answers to everyone on forum
  - Class participation credit for answering questions!
  - No posting answers. We will monitor.
  - Stay respectful and professional

# Research

- “Can I work with your group for funding/credits/neither?”
  - I am not taking new advising duties.
  - If you can find one of my students to supervise you, I am happy to sign off on the paperwork.
  - Your responsibility to approach them and ask. It will help if you know what they are working on.

# Todo

- PS0
  - Due: Jan 20 11:59pm

# Welcome

