

# Coordinate systems & Viewing, Rendering Polygonal Objects

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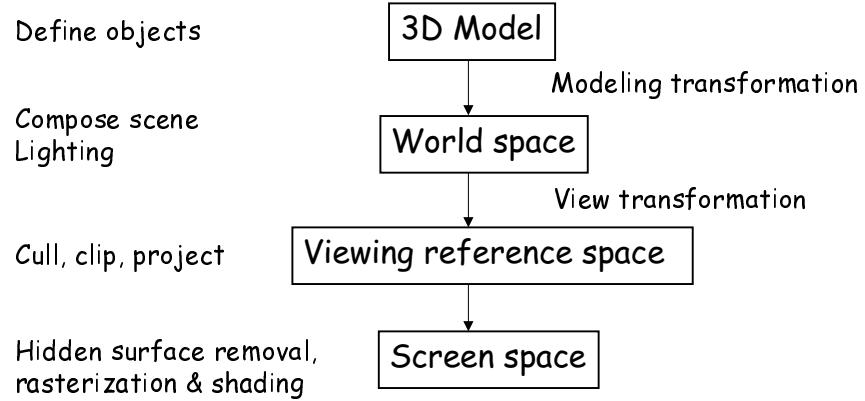
## Thoughts on A2

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- Remember: all drawing in display routine
- How to draw each object
  - Polygon, mesh
  - "shapes package"
  - "unit cube" ...
- Lighting is a special case
  - OpenGL is immediate mode

# 3D viewing process



## ViewSpace

■ Backface culling

■ Clip

■ Project

Backface culling

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Perspective View Volume (fig 5.6)

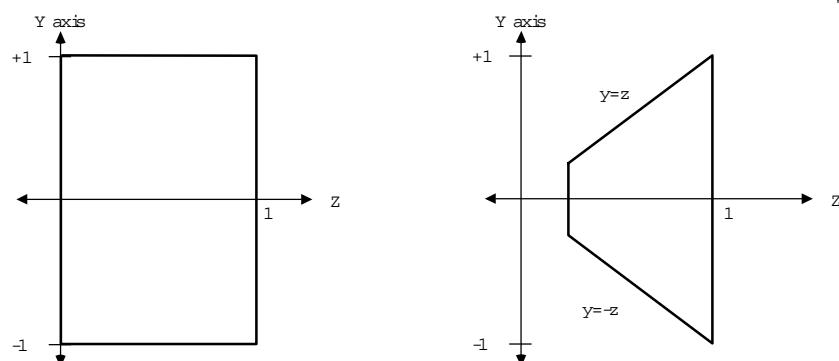
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## ScreenSpace

- Hidden surface removal (z-buffering) and rendering (rasterization+shading)
- Done in a "canonical volume"
  - Simplifies rendering

## Canonical View Volumes



## Projections

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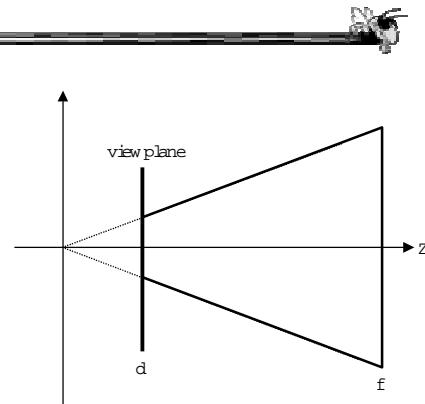
- 3D points project onto view plane where projector (line to COP) intersects VP
- Perspective Proj.
  - COP in world
- Parallel Proj.
  - COP at infinity

## The resulting view volumes

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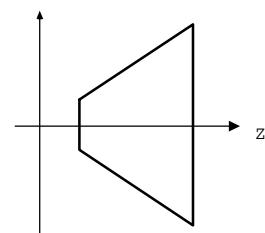
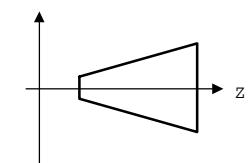
- Parallel
  - Infinite parallelepiped
- Perspective
  - Semi-infinite pyramid
- Limit them
  - Front and back clipping planes

## Defining the Perspective View



## Simple Perspective Transform

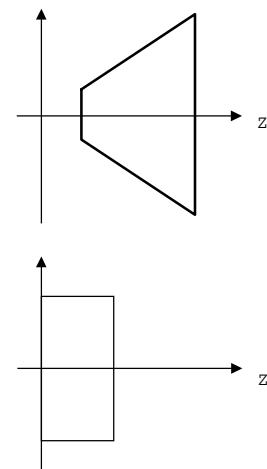
1) Scale sides to 45 degrees



## Simple Perspective Transform

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2) Map to canonical parallel volume



## Composite Matrix

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## Z accuracy over [0..1]

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$$\blacksquare z_s = (f (1-d/z_v)) / (f-d)$$

